Revolutionary Threats, National Security States, and the Post Cold War: 1965-Present

PRESENTATION 6

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Alliance in Retreat

I. Harsh Realities

- 1. domestic politics and international economics
- 2. political instability
- 3. resentment of U.S. restrictions on use of aid funds
- 4. death of JFK in 1963
- 5. disenchantment in U.S. with foreign aid programs
- 6. diversion of attention and resources to Vietnam War

Dominican Intervention

I. "Progress and justice do not flourish at the point of a gun." LBJ

- 1. Lyndon Johnson focus on Great Society
- 2. Alliance for Progress conventional aid program
- 3. avoid "second Cuba"
- 4. assassination of Rafael Trujillo in 1961 instability
- 5. civilian reformer Juan Bosch
- 6. April 1965: rescue operation \rightarrow peacekeeping mission
- 7. wear down and isolate pro-Bosch forces
- 8. Inter-American Peace Force
- 9. intervention denounced throughout Latin America

Dominican Crisis 1965





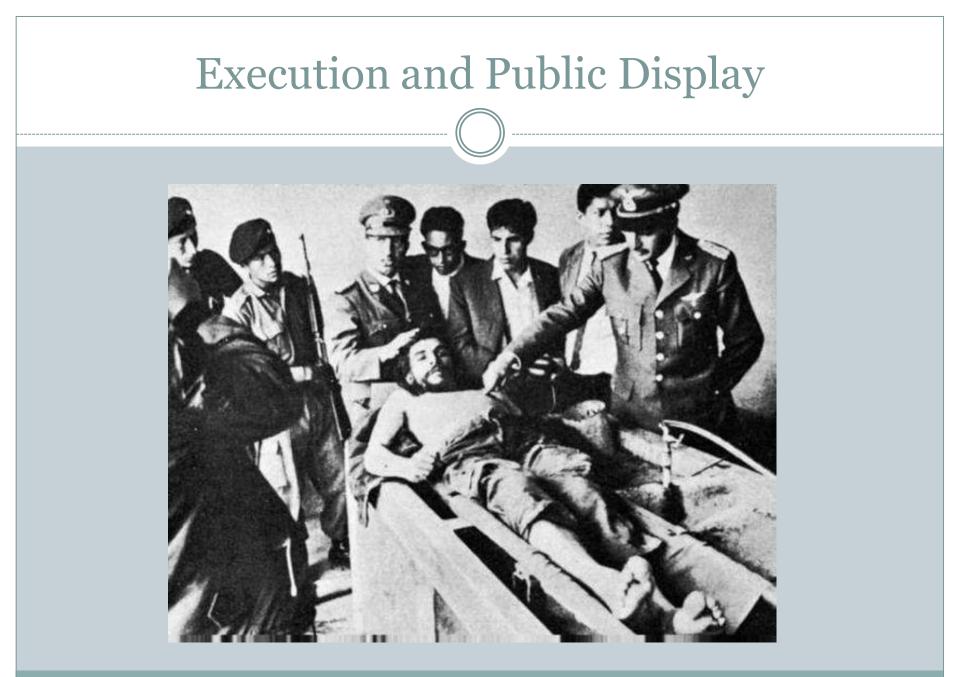
The U.S. invaded and occupied the Dominican Republic in 1965.



Che in Africa 1965: "This is the history of a failure."







Che Guevara Mausoleum, Santa Clara





National Security States

Counterinsurgency Strategies

1. guerrilla movements <—> military

a. revolutionary fervor

b. tyrannical governments sparked armed opposition

2. climax of struggle in 1960s

3. changing role for armed forces in Cold War

4. dedication to domestic order - internal threats to security

5. new military doctrine

a. U.S. training programs - School of the Americas

b. inter-American military brotherhood

c. enemies: rural or urban-based Marxist insurgencies

- d. removal of civilian leaders who threatened stability
- e. armed services could run countries more efficiently

1) professional training

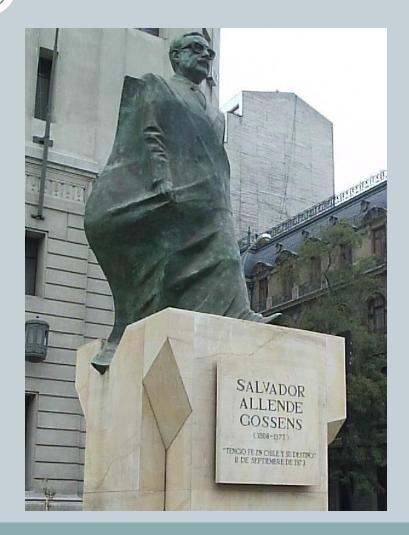
2) sense of discipline

3) dedication to national well-being

6. Cold War mission of Latin American military = nation-building

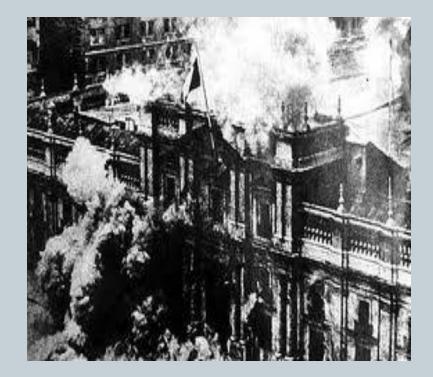
Salvador Allende





September 11, 1973





Jimmy Carter, the Canal, and Human Rights

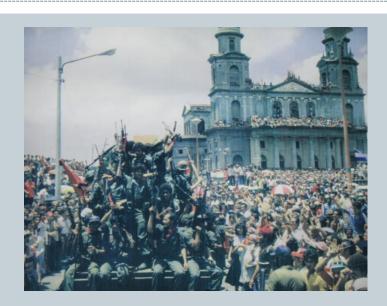


Panama Canal Returned in December 1999





Sandinista Victory of July 19, 1979

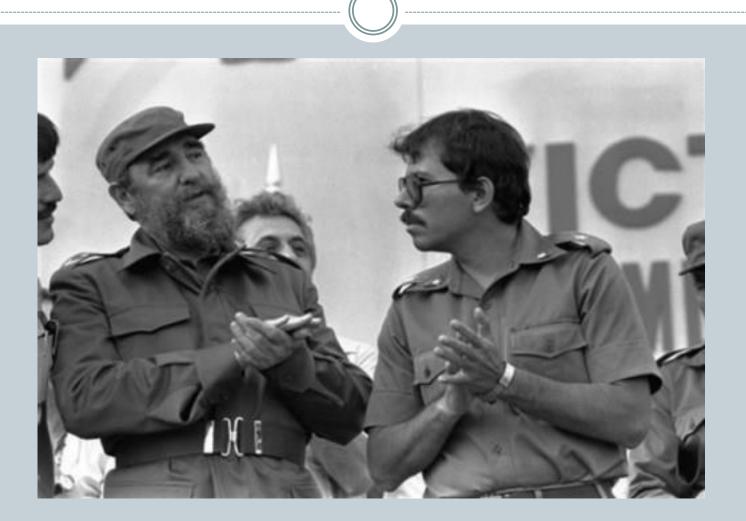








Fidel Castro and Daniel Ortega



Ronald Reagan and the Heightening of the Cold War





Struggle to End Decline of U.S. Power Worldwide

Policy Change and New Perspectives 1. military and ideological threats a. rebel movements = Marxist b. Nicaragua = Soviet beachhead c. Contras = freedom fighters 2. return to containment: repression to contain poor and fractious masses 3. upper-level officials: covert and overt use of force Alexander Haig, Vernon Walters, Robert McFarlane, George Schulz

Jeane Kirkpatrick – "Central America is the most important place in the world for the United States today." "Dictatorships and Double Standards"

4. massive aid to support U.S. interests in Nicaragua and El Salvador

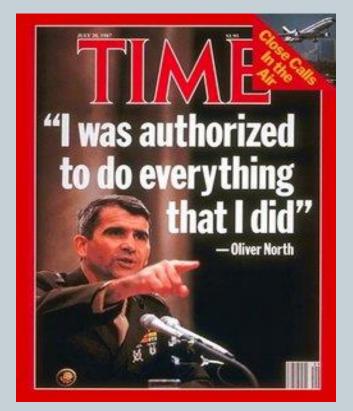
Reagan Doctrine and Iran-Contra

Plot Thickens

- 1. landslide reelection for Reagan in 1984
- 2. Reagan Doctrine: U.S. support for anti-Soviet insurgents
- 3. miscalculations of Daniel Ortega
- 4. military aid to Contras restored in June 1986
- 5. NSC, Robert McFarlane, and Lt. Colonel Oliver North
- 6. arms, hostages, and money for the Contras
- 7. role of retired Air Force General Richard Secord
- 8. affair unravels in October 1986 plane shot down
- 9. congressional investigation and fallout blow to Reagan's credibility and prestige

Aftermath





Operation Just Cause

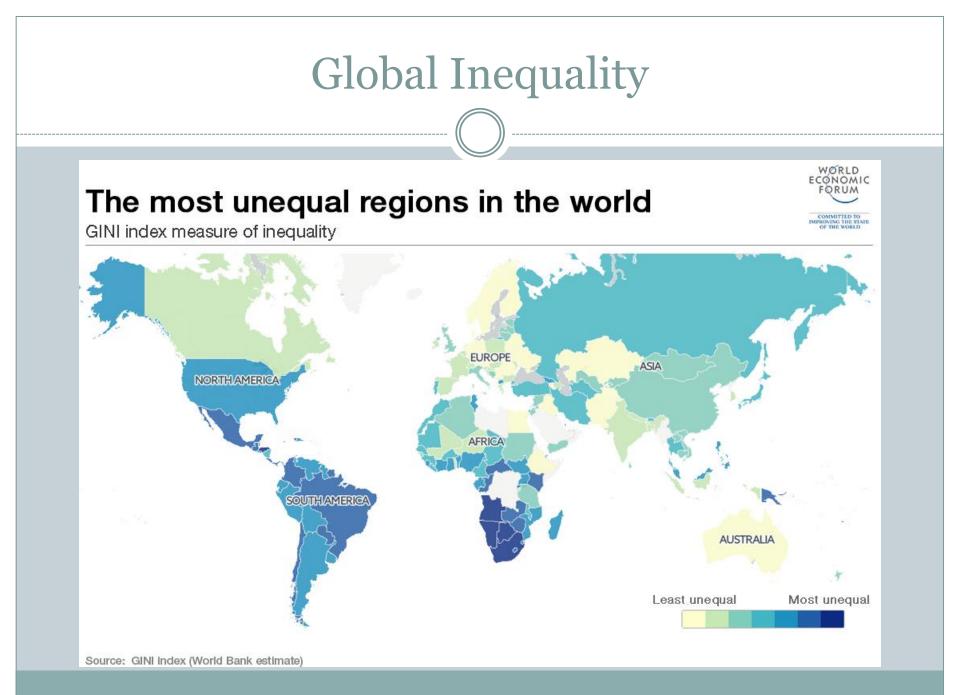








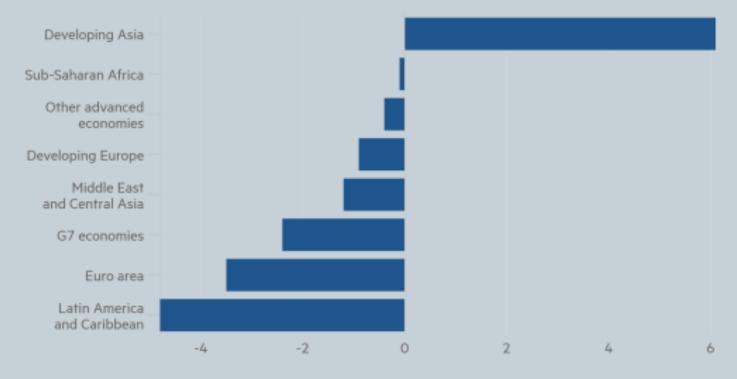
- 1. consultation and cooperation with United States
- 2. challenges of development and inequality
- 3. Cuba
- 4. illegal drug trade
- 5. migration and immigration
- 6. Venezuela



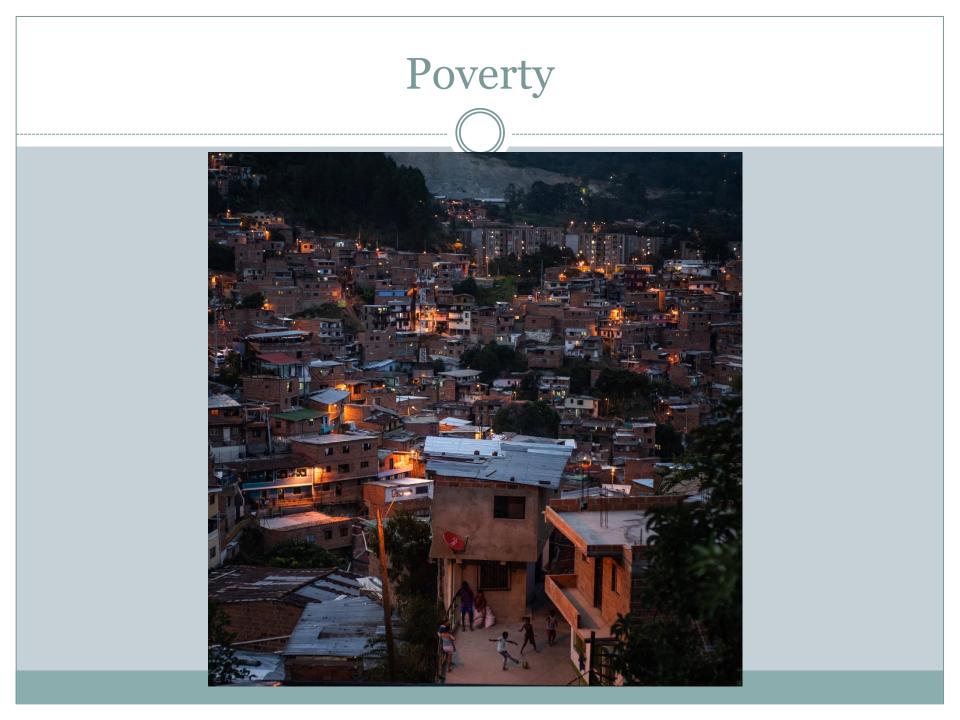
Covid 19 and Latin America

Latin America faces worst economic legacy of coronavirus pandemic

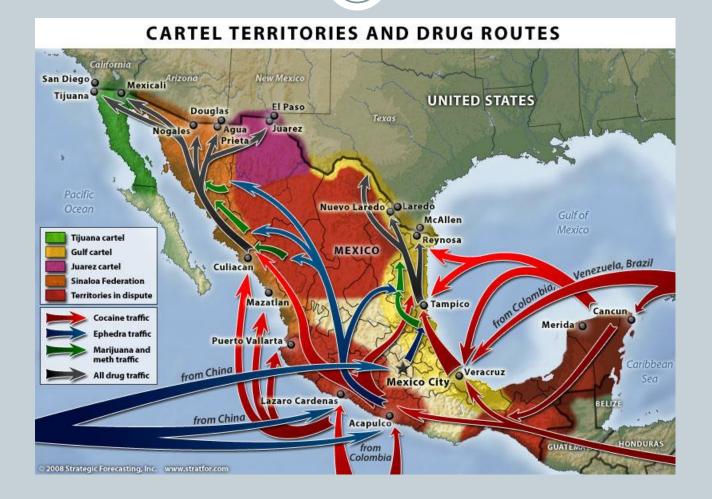
Forecast change in GDP from pre-pandemic level to end-2021 (%)



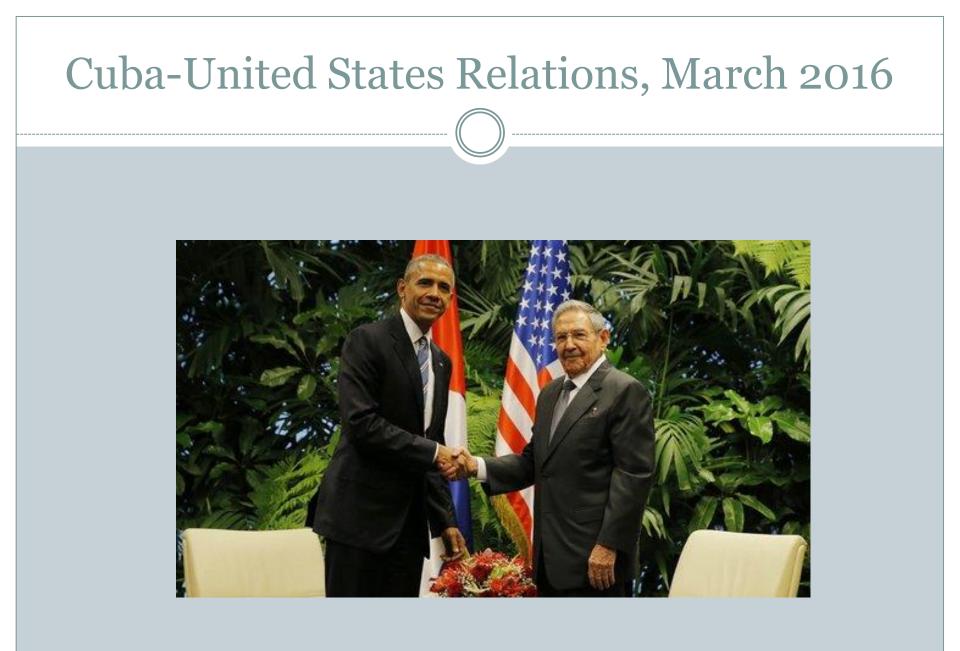
Source: IMF © FT



Mexican Drug Trade







Death of Fidel Castro on November 25, 2016 December Funeral Procession



Hugo Chavez and the Bolivarian Revolution



Venezuelan Unrest





