Lecture Six Conclusions in an Overwhelming Present and Uncertain Future





Conclusion 1: Birth of a Nation-State



Christian Science Monitor, July 28, 2022

Conclusion 2: Russian Aggression in the Guise of Grievance



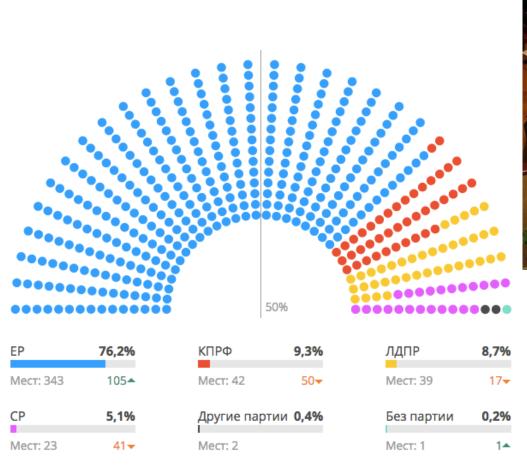
Boris Yeltsin, second presidential campaign, 1996 [1991-1996, 1996-1999]



Vladimir Putin 2000-2004, 2004-2008 Dmitrii Medvedev, 2008-2012 Vladimir Putin, 2012-2024

The Putinist System
Presidential Power and Authority

Parliamentary One-Party Politics



Deputies of the Russian State Duma, November 2007

Feb 2018 State Duma elections

100%



Corporatized State

[% of state stockholding]





38.9%
ПЕРВЫЙ КАНАЛ CHANNEL ONE RUSSIA

100%

IIII

ROSNEFT

50%



State Violence and War on Terror



Grozny, c.2000 ←

First (1994-1996) and Second (1999-2009) Chechen' Wars



Beslan School Siege, 2004





Theater Nord-Ost, Moscow, 2002

Russo-Georgian War Russo-Georgian War Cherinest Part Chinest Part Ch

Georgia [Abkhazia, South Ossetia, 2008



envisioned demilitarized zone, Minsk Protocols, 2015 Eastern Ukraine, 2014-

Donetsk People's Republic Luhansk People's Republic "New Russia"

Superpower Nostalgia in the "Near Abroad" and Abroad



Intervention in Syrian civil war, 2015-



Crimea, 2014

Kerch Strait-Crimea Road and Rail Bridge May 2018 (road) December 2019 (rail)

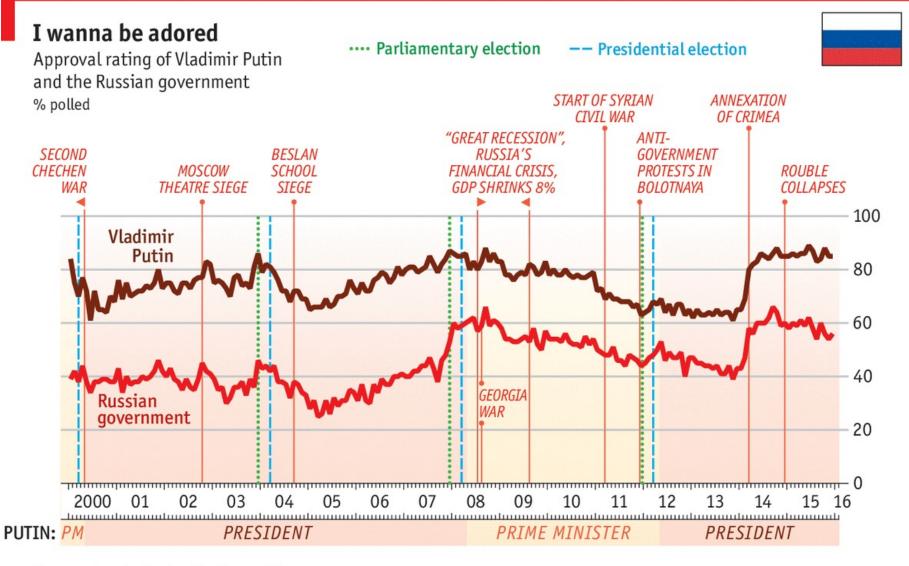


Political Authoritarianism, Putin-style: A Cultural Characterization

- strong executive presidency and the primacy of state interests [security services; armed forces; legislatures]
- the trappings of mass democratic institutions and rituals
- political authority in a strong leader personality [high levels of corruption and inefficiency]
- social welfare state, cradle to grave, with private services
- international power
- civilizational claims for a Russian world in Eurasia
- a conservative political and business elite that supports and acts as agents for the regime
- control over mass and social media, via censorship and corporate control, to manipulate and mobilize public opinion
- discriminatory use of state power to tax and police opponents, alternate sources of authority, and expertise
- globalized state capitalist economy funded by oligarchic and state capital



Marie LePen, Donald Trump, Putin; Moscow pub Election Night 2016



Sources: Levada Centre; The Economist

Statista.com Statista.com Statista.com

3)The Tolerance of the Russian Population for War

The Quid Pro Quo

Compared to Five Years Ago, Are You Financially...

Worse off

29%

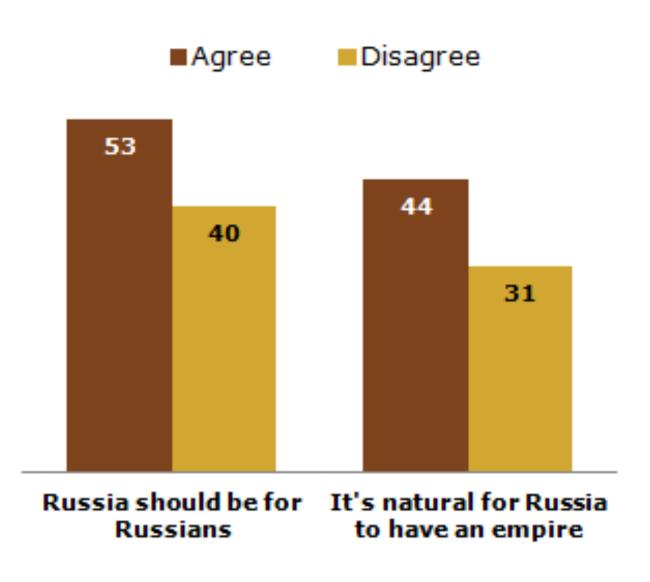
About Better off the same 32% 36% Pew Global Attitudes Project DK

Pew Research Center May 23, 2012

PEW RESEARCH CENTER Q20.

3%

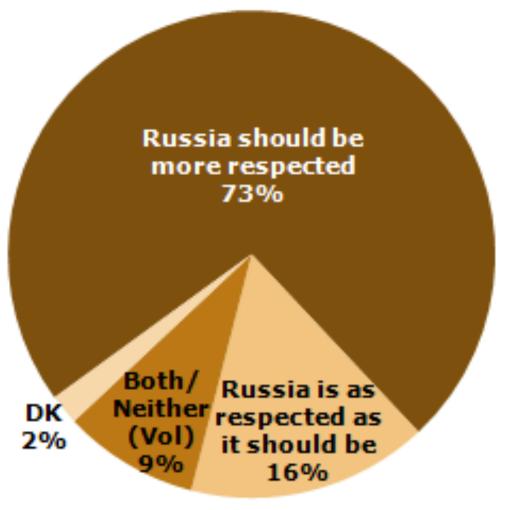
Russian Nationalism: Alive and Well



PEW RESEARCH CENTER Q68d-e.

Russians Feel Lack of Respect

Around the world...



PEW RESEARCH CENTER QRUS4.

A Wide Democracy Gap

Political enervation

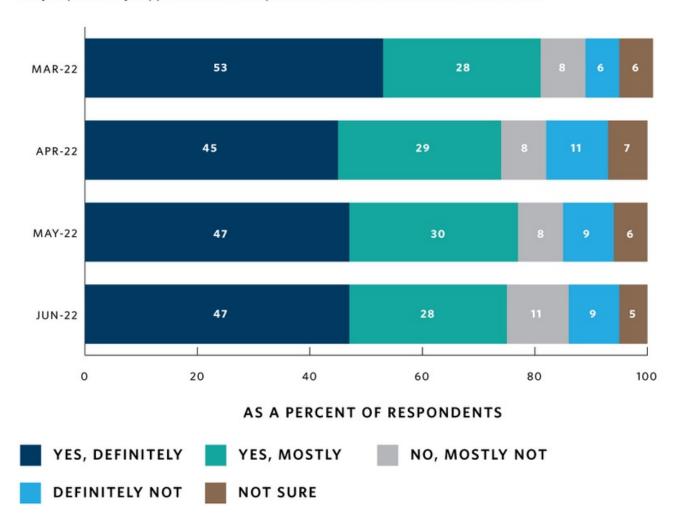
	Important?	country	
	Very important	Very Well	Diff.
	%	%	
Fair judiciary	71	17	-54
Honest elections	52	16	-36
Uncensored media	49	15	-34
Civilian-controlled military	41	14	-27
Free speech	44	28	-16
Religious freedom	52	46	-6
MEDIAN	51	17	-34

Doccriboo

PEW RESEARCH CENTER Q69a-f & Q70a-f.

FIGURE 1
Support for the Russian Armed Forces

Do you personally support the actions of the Russian Armed Forces in Ukraine or not?



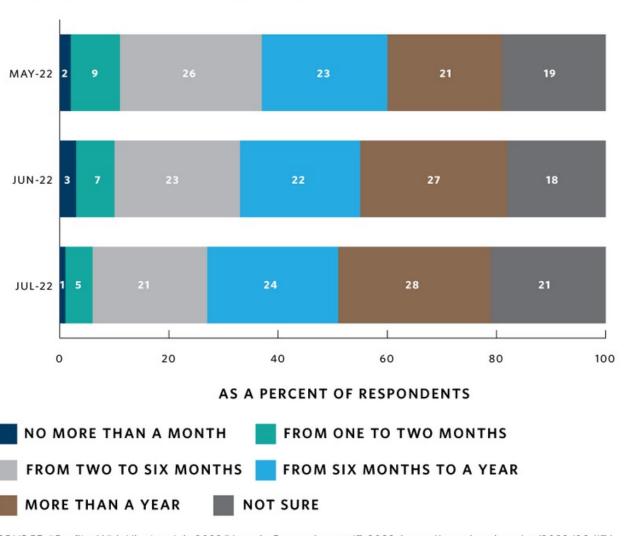
SOURCE: "The Conflict With Ukraine" (in Russian), Levada Center, June 30, 2022, https://www.levada.ru/2022/06/30/konflikt-s-ukrainoj-3.

Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, Working Paper, Denis Kozlov and Andrei Kolesnikov, "My Country Right or Wrong: Russian Public Opinion on Ukraine" [Sept 2022]

FIGURE 3

Russian Expectations for How Long the Conflict Will Last

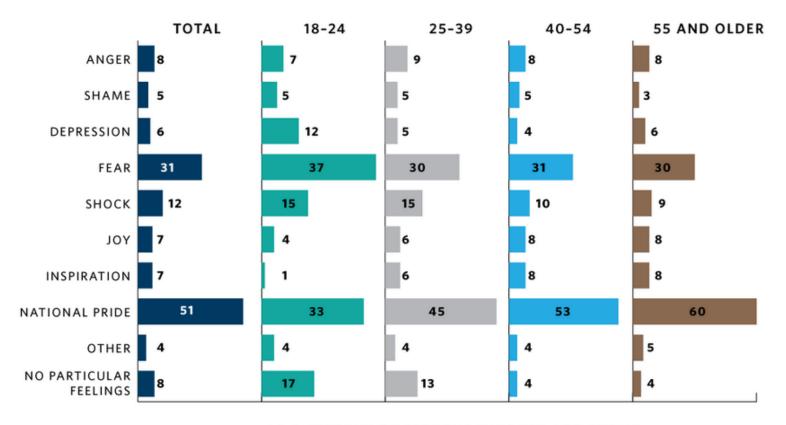
How long will the "special military operation" in Ukraine last?



SOURCE: "Conflict With Ukraine: July 2022," Levada Center, August 17, 2022, https://www.levada.ru/en/2022/08/17/conflict-with-ukraine-july-2022.

FIGURE 2
Russians' Feelings About Military Action in Ukraine

What feelings do Russian actions in Ukraine cause you?



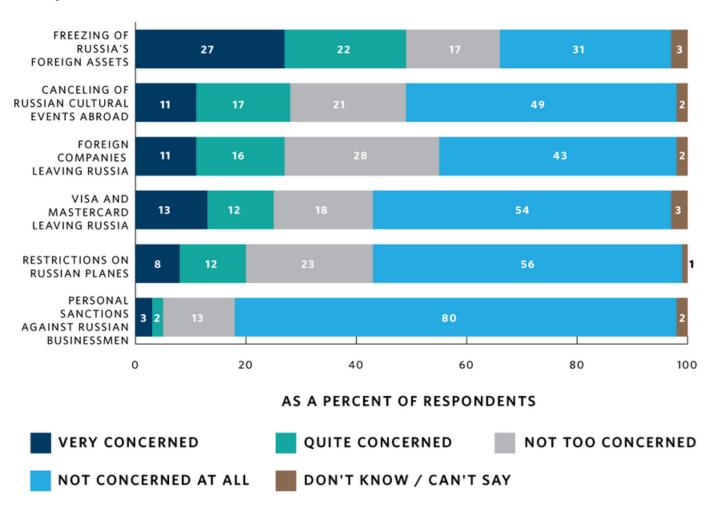
AS A PERCENT OF RESPONDENTS PER AGE GROUP

SOURCE: "The Conflict With Ukraine" (in Russian), Levada Center, March 31, 2022, https://www.levada.ru/2022/03/31/konflikt-s-ukrainoj.

FIGURE 4

What Concerns Russians

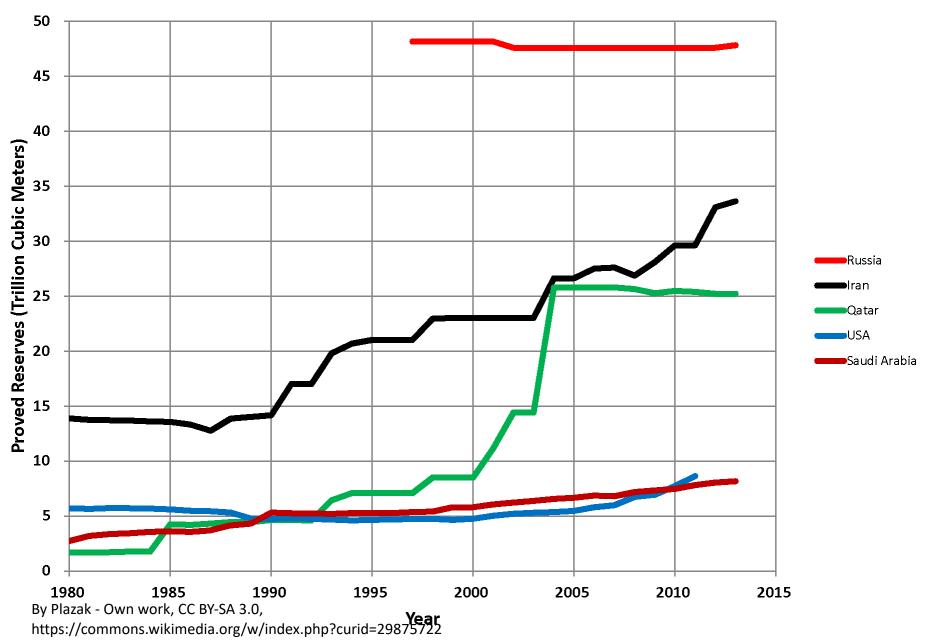
Are you concerned about...?



SOURCE: "Sanctions," Levada Center, June 10, 2022, https://www.levada.ru/en/2022/06/10/sanctions-6.

NOTE: Data are as of May 2022.

Proved Gas Reserves in the Top Five Countries, 1980-2013 (US EIA)



EXPORT RANK	PRODUCT	VALUE	SHARE OF GLOBAL EXPORTS	
• 1	Asbestos	\$178 million		60%
1	Pig iron	\$1.3 billion		28%
• 1	Nuclear reactors	\$870 million		26%
1	Iron reductions	\$944 million		24%
2	Linseed	\$230 million		24%
• 1	Raw nickel	\$2.3 billion		20%
• 1	Wheat	\$10.1 billion		20%
• 2	Nickel mattes	\$1.2 billion		19%
1	Semi-finished iron	\$4.5 billion		19%
2	Seed oils	\$2.5 billion		18%
2	Railway passenger cars	\$194 million		17%
• 2	Platinum	\$10.5 billion		17%
2	Ammonia	\$1 billion		16%
3	Coal briquettes	\$14.5 billion		15%
2	Lignite	\$458 million		15%
• 3	Potassic fertilizers	\$2.1 billion		14%
• 3	Mixed mineral or chemical fertilizers	\$2.9 billion		13%
2	Carbon	\$481 million		13%
3	Asphalt mixtures	\$216 million		13%
3	Sunflower seeds	\$589 million		12%
• 3	Radioactive chemicals	\$1.3 billion		12%
2	Barley	\$905 million		12%
3	Other metals	\$149 million		12%
2	Crude petroleum	\$74.4 billion		12%
2	Nitrogenous fertilizers	\$2.6 billion		12%
2	Sawn wood	\$4.2 billion		11%
1	Aluminium wire	\$416 million		11%
1	Non-fillet frozen fish	\$2.6 billion		11%
3	Calcium phosphates	\$325 million		11%
2	Refined petroleum	\$48 billion		11%

←2020 Russian Commodity Exports NYT, 31 October 2022

The Commercial Space of Eurasia

Map of Trans-Siberian Railways



Source: Guide to Russia.com

Areas of Russian military control in Ukraine



4. Ukraine's Overwhelming Present and Uncertain Future

Source: Institute for the Study of War (21:00 GMT, 27 October)



Who We Are / News







This page in: English Українськ

PRESS RELEASE | SEPTEMBER 9, 2022

Ukraine Recovery and Reconstruction Needs Estimated \$349 Billion September 9

BRUSSELS, September 9, 2022—In a joint assessment released today, the Government of Ukraine, the European Commission, and the World Bank, in cooperation with partners, estimate that the current cost of reconstruction and recovery in Ukraine amounts to \$349 billion (€349 Billion). This figure is expected to grow in the coming months as the war continues.

The Rapid Damage and Needs Assessment (RDNA) presents the first comprehensive evaluation of war impacts across twenty different sectors following the Russian invasion. It also lays out the financing needs for a resilient, inclusive, and sustainable recovery and reconstruction and provides a roadmap for planning.

RELATED

The World Bank In Ukraine

Download the Full RDNA Report (English)

Download the Full RDNA Report (Ukrainian)

Download the Executive Summary Report (English)

Download the Executive Summary Report (Ukrainian)







Ukraine sees post-war reconstruction costs nearing \$750 billion - PM October 24





Ukrainian Prime Minister Denys Shmyhal takes part in a news conference after an EU-Ukraine Association Council, in Brussels, Belgium, September 5, 2022. REUTERS/Yves Herman/File Photo

KYIV, Oct 24 (Reuters) - Ukraine estimates the cost of post-war national reconstruction at nearly \$750 billion so far, Prime Minister Denys Shmyhal said on Monday.



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

The escalation of the international armed conflict in Ukraine has caused civilian casualties and destruction of civilian infrastructure, forcing people to flee their homes seeking safety, protection and assistance. Millions of refugees from Ukraine have crossed borders into neighbouring countries, and many more have been forced to move inside the country. They are in need of protection and support. In light of the emergency and the scale of humanitarian needs, an inter-agency regional refugee response is being carried out, in support of the efforts of refugee-hosting countries. The Regional Refugee Response Plan brings together UN, NGO and other relevant partners and focuses on supporting host country governments to ensure safe access to territory for refugees and third-country nationals fleeing from Ukraine, in line with international standards. It also prioritizes the provision of critical protection services and humanitarian assistance.

Countries featured in the Refugee Response Plan

Country	Data Date	Refugees from Ukraine registered for Temporary Protection or similar national protection schemes	Refugees from Ukraine recorded in country	Border crossings from Ukraine*	Border crossings to Ukraine**
Bulgaria	11/1/2022	144,018	55,016	Not applicable	Not applicable
Czech Republic	10/31/2022	455,539	455,731	Not applicable	Not applicable
Hungary	11/1/2022	31,290	31,290	1,670,028	Data not available
Poland	11/1/2022	1,469,032	1,469,032	7,274,050	5,249,292
Republic of Moldova	11/1/2022	Not applicable	95,473	678,326	321,634
Romania	10/30/2022	78,323	87,853	1,460,854	1,149,964
Slovakia	11/1/2022	99,195	99,393	900,724	638,326
Total		2.277.397	2.293.788	11.983.982	7.359.216

Other countries neighbouring Ukraine

Country	Data Date	Refugees from Ukraine registered for Temporary Protection or similar national protection schemes	Refugees from Ukraine recorded in country	Border crossings from Ukraine*	Border crossings to Ukraine**
▲ Belarus	10/31/2022	Not applicable	16,195	16,705	Data not available
Russian Federation	10/3/2022	Not applicable	2,852,395	2,852,395	Data not available
Total		Not applicable	2,868,590	2,869,100	Data not available

Refugees from Ukraine recorded across Europe

7,786,195Last updated 01 Nov 2022

Source - UNHCR, Government

Refugees from Ukraine registered for Temporary Protection or similar national protection schemes in Europe

4,459,647Last updated 01 Nov 2022

Source - UNHCR, Government

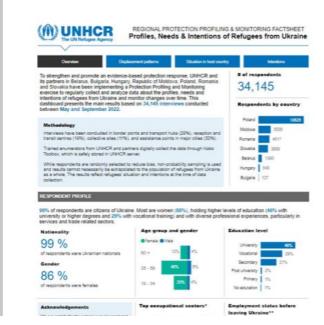
Data is updated weekly on Wednesday by 12:00 CET.

Statistics are compiled mainly from data provided by authorities. While every effort has been made to ensure that all statistical information is verified, figures represent an estimate. Triangulation of information and sources is performed on a continuous basis. Therefore, amendments to figures may occur, including retroactively.

Explanatory Note

Before using the information in this portal, please read this Explanatory Note.

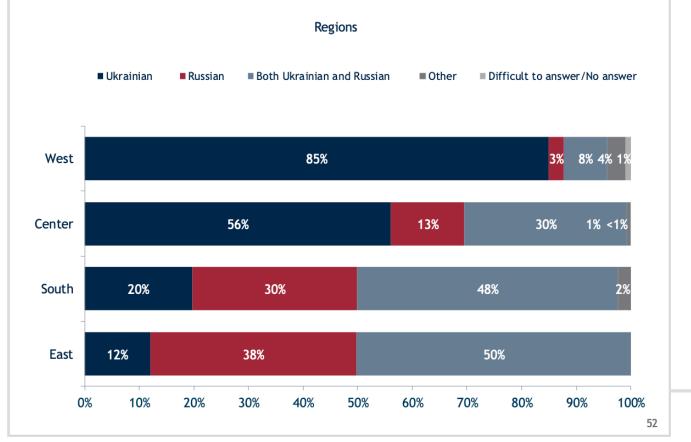
Regional Protection Profiling & Monitoring



European Refugee Crisis

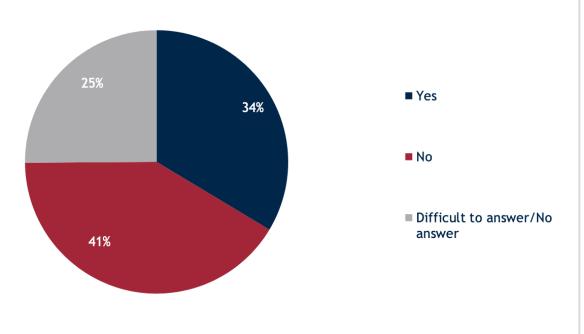
https://data.unhcr.org/es/situations/ukraine

Which language do you usually speak at home?



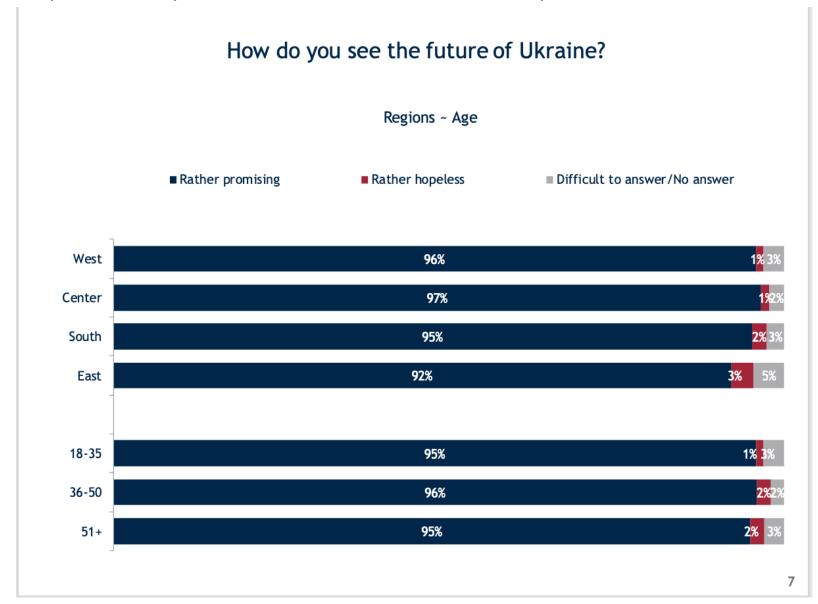
Do you think that your relatives support Russia's military operation in Ukraine?





30

Public Opinion Survey of Residents of Ukraine: March 30-April 2, 2022

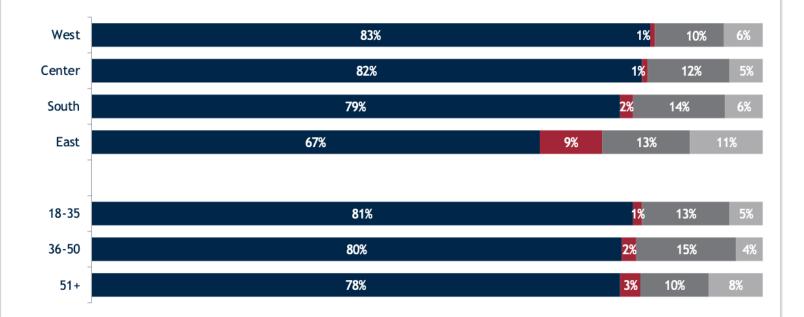


Center for Insights in Survey Research, International Republican Institute, Washington, DC

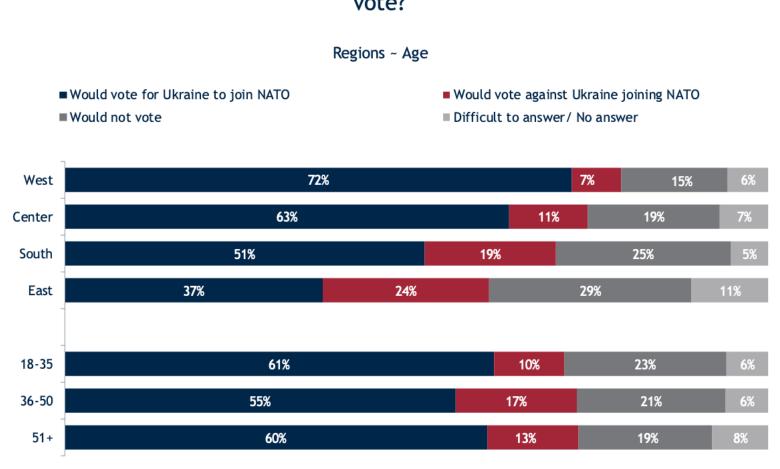
If Ukraine was able to enter only one international economic union, which one of the following should it be?

Regions ~ Age

■ European Union ■ Customs Union with Russia, Belarus and Kazakhstan ■ Other ■ Difficult to answer/ No answer



If a referendum was held today on Ukraine joining NATO, how would you vote?



What will be the territorial boundaries of Ukraine as a result of this war?

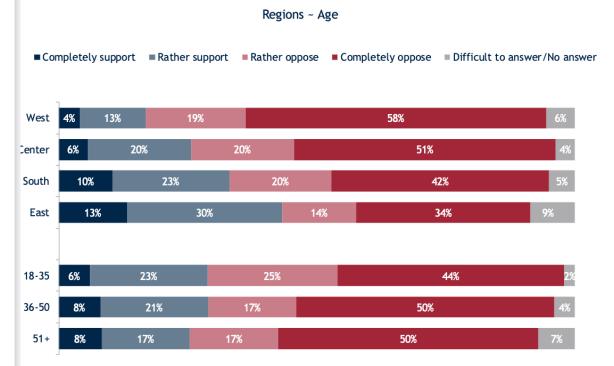
	18-35	36-50	51+	West	Center	South	East
Ukraine will maintain all territories from within its internationally recognized borders defined in 1991	52%	55%	52%	60%	55%	49%	37%
Ukraine will regain territories in the border that were under control of the Ukrainian government before February	24%	21%	20%	15%	20%	26%	32%
Ukraine will regain the Donbas and Luhansk regions but not Crimea	16%	16%	16%	15%	17%	16%	13%
Ukraine will lose some territories after the war	3%	5%	4%	3%	3%	4%	9 %
Ukraine will regain Crimea but not territories of the so-called DNR and LNR	3%	1%	2%	3%	2%	2%	2%
Ukraine will be under total Russian occupation	<1%	1%	<1%	1%	<1%	<1%	<1%
Other	<1%	<1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Difficult to answer/No answer	1%	2%	5%	3%	2%	2%	6%

Areas of Russian military control in Ukraine

36



Would you support or oppose the idea that Ukraine should recognize Crimea as a part of Russia if this would stop the war?



41

In your opinion, how long will the war last? 18% ■ It will end in the next two weeks ■ It will end by the end of spring ■ It will end later in 2022 31% ■ It will last for years 34% ■ Difficult to answer/No answer

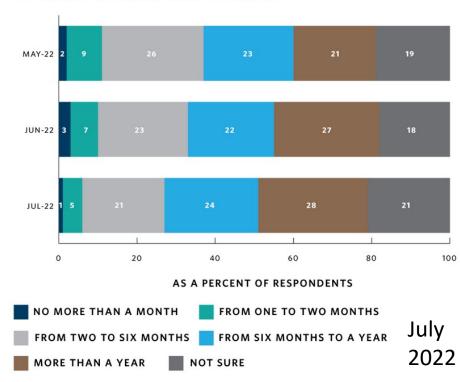
March 30-April 2, 2022

FIGURE 3

Russian Expectations for How Long the Conflict Will Last

How long will the "special military operation" in Ukraine last?

10



SOURCE: "Conflict With Ukraine: July 2022," Levada Center, August 17, 2022, https://www.levada.ru/en/2022/08/17/conflict-with-ukraine-july-2022.

Do you believe that Ukraine will win the war?



