American Popular Music

# **Camptown Races**

## How do we define Popular Music?

 Positioned between Classical Music and Folk Music

- Classical- upper class
  - wealthy
- Popular- middle class
  - the masses
- Folk- lower class
  - Rural, working

# **Defining Popular Music**

- Music that appeals to a mass audience
  - Large number of Americans listen
- Intended to have wide appeal
  - mass produced, disseminated via mass media
- Has a sound and style distinct from classical or folk music.

# Ways to Talk About Music

- Elements of Popular Music
  - Instrumentation
  - Dynamics
  - Form/Structure
  - Rhythm
    - Beat, Syncopation, Tempo
  - Melody, Harmony
  - Scales, Chords
  - Lyrics
  - Historical/Cultural context

# European American Stream

 British Isle emigrants brought musical traditions to America

- Lower class in isolated, rural areas
- "Barbry Allen"
  - Ballad- simple song with lyrics that tell story
  - Pentatonic scale (5 note)
  - Strophic- several stanzas sung to same melody

# Barbry Allen

0:00	All in the merry month of May When the green buds they were swellin', Young William Green on his deathbed lay For the love of Barbary Allen.	2:27	"Oh yes, I remember in yonder's town In yonder's town a-drinkin' I gave my health to the ladies all around But my heart to Barbary Allen."
0:23	He sent his servant to the town To the place where she was dwellin' Sayin', "Master's sick and he sends for you If your name be Barbary Allen."	2:52	He turned his pale face to the wall For death was on him dwellin' "Adieu, adieu, you good neighbors all Adieu, sweet Barbary Allen."
0:49	So slow-lie [slowly], slow-lie she got up And slow-lie she came a-nigh [near] him And all she said when she got there "Young man, I believe you're dyin!"	3:17	As she was goin' across the fields She heard those death bells a-knellin' [ringing] And every stroke the deathbell give Hard hearted Barbary Allen.
1:12	"Oh yes, I'm low, I'm very low, And death is on me dwellin' No better, no better I'll never be If I can't get Barbary Allen."	3:44	"Oh Mother, oh Mother, go make my bed, Go make it both long and narrow Young William's died for me today And I'll die for him tomorrow."
1:37	"Oh yes, you're low and very low, And death is on you dwellin' No better, no better you'll never be For you can't get Barbary Allen.	4:09	Oh she was buried 'neath the old church tower And he was buried a-nigh [near] her And out of his bosom grew a red, red rose, Out of Barbary's grew a green briar.
2:00	For don't you remember in yonder's town In yonder's town a-drinkin' You passed your glass all around and around And you slighted Barbary Allen."	4:35	They grew and they grew up the old church tower, Until they could grow no higher They locked and tied in a true lover's knot, Red rose wrapped around the green briar.

### African American Stream

- Slaves brought to America 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> ce.
- Black Spiritual- most impressive and extensive repertory created by slaves
  - Conversion to evangelical Christianity
  - Call and response singing
  - Improvisation
  - Clapping, dancing
  - Polyrhythms- many rhythms, textures
  - Syncopation

# Rosie

- Alan Lomax (1947)
  - Mississippi State Penitentiary
- "Rosie"- 1947
  - Time the song to work at hand



#### **ACTIVE LISTENING 4.3**

#### "Rosie"—Excerpt from First Verse with Call-and-Response

COUNTER NUMBER	COMMENTARY	LYRICS
0:01	Axes sound, call (leader).	Be my woman, gal I'll
0:04	Axes sound, response (leader and group).	Be your man.
0:07	Axes sound, call (again).	Be my woman, gal, I'll
0:11	Axes sound, response (again).	Be your man.

## **African American Streams**

#### Banjo

- Evidence of West African traditions in U.S.
- Slaves played prototype of banjo
- Rural musicians adopted
- Associated with bluegrass music



### **Latin American Stream**

- Caribbean, South American and Mexican influences
  - Cuban Son, Brazilian Samba, Mexican Mariachi,
    Colombian Cumbia
- Cuban Contradanza- African influenced variation of French country dance
  - Known as Habanera in Europe
    - influenced ragtime, blues and jazz in U.S.

#### L.A. Stream

- "Tu"- Eduardo Sanchez
  - Considered first Cuban hit song
  - Habanera rhythm
  - Syncopated bass rhythm

# Stephen Foster

Father of American Music

- Parlor Songs
  - "Jeanie with the Light Brown Hair"
- Minstrel Songs
  - "Camptown Races" 1850
  - "Oh Susanna"- 1848

### **Minstrel Show**

- Loosely Structured
- No plot or storyline
- At least 3 Minstrels
  - Interlocutor
  - 2 endmen: Tambo and Bones
  - Zip Coon and Jim Crow
  - Rest of troupe filled the gaps

# **Blackface Minstrelsy**



## Al Jolson



- "Camptown Races"
  - or "Gwine to Run All Night"
  - Perpetuates a false African American National identity

# Who is Missing?

Women!

- Men cross-dress in Minstrel performances
- Target of sexist and misogynist jokes
  - "Who was that lady I saw you with last night? That was no lady, that was my wife"

# Who is Missing?

#### "Kneed 'Em"

- -Mr. Cleveland, why are men like dough?
  - Because they are apt to rise?
- No, sah.
  - Then because some are light, and some are heavy?
- No sah.
  - Then why are men like dough?
- Because de women (k) need 'em

# The Irony

- Blackface serves as a mαsk for white males
  - Gender Performance
  - Identity expression
  - Political/social commentary/critique
- Al Jolson
  - Some questioned sexual orientation
  - Mask for true self expression?

#### **Post Civil War**

- Blacks perform in blackface
  - Self parody
  - Reinforcing stereotypes
  - Reclaiming stereotypes
  - Empowered through employment
- More irony
  - Blackface as a mask for blacks to poke fun at whites poking fun at blacks

# Appropriation of Black Music

 Cultural appropriation: the act of taking or using elements from a culture that is not your own, especially without showing that you understand or respect this culture.

# Appropriation

To go further...

The community that adopts cultural elements benefits, while the community from which these elements are borrowed, does not.

In what ways does appropriation exist today?