AZ(R) 400T Photoresist Stripper



Substance key: 000000500392

REVISION DATE: 03/12/2007 Print Date: 03/12/2007 Version

Section 01 - Product Information

Identification of the AZ Electronic Materials USA Corp.

> company: 70 Meister Avenue Somerville, NJ 08876

Telephone No.: 800-515-4164

Information on the substance/preparation

Product Safety: 908-429-3562

Emergency Tel. number: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC

Trade name: AZ(R) 400T Photoresist Stripper

Major product use: Electronic industry

Section 02 - Composition information

Hazardous ingredients:

Chemical Name	CAS-no. (Trade	Concentration [%]
	secret no.)	
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	70.00 - 80.00
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	20.00 - 30.00
Tetramethylammonium hydroxide	75-59-2	1.00 - 5.00

Section 03 - Hazardous identification

Clear, pale amber liquid., Strong characteristic odor., Causes **Emergency overview:**

skin irritation., Causes moderate to strong eye irritation., May produce systemic or organ effects with repeated or excessive exposure., Contains an ingredient that is highly toxic by

ingestion and skin absorption.

Expected route of entry

Skin contact: Product causes slight irritation

Ingestion: Toxic by ingestion.

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory system.

Causes eye irritation. **Eve contact:**

Health effects of

exposure:

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Component information:

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4)

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, NMP is an eye irritant. It is fetotoxic and produces fetal skeletal abnormalities at high doses. Skin contact can lead to dermatitis. NMP has shown nervous system depression, bone marrow and lymph tissue effects. Some tests in rats have shown testicular effects. It was positive in chromosome aberration testing.

1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

1,2-Propanediol is a skin and eye irritant. It has been reported to cause central nervous system depression when administered orally and has been reported to be an in-vitro mutagen. Most mutagenicity tests with propylene glycol have indicated that it is not mutagenic. However, in one in vitro test, it was found to be mutagenic, at one dose level.

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide may cause severe irritation or caustic burns to eyes and mucous membranes. TMAH is caustic and corrosive to skin and eyes in concentrated form. Pure TMAH is highly toxic in animal tests by the oral and dermal routes of exposure.

Known effects on other Preexisting skin, eye, and respiratory conditions may be

illnesses: aggravated.

Listed carcinogen: IARC: NO NTP: NO OSHA: NO

HMIS:

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Personal protection: X

NFPA:

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special notice: NONE

Section 04 - First aid measures

After inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air.

Consult physician if irritation occurs.

After contact with skin: Immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected

area thoroughly with water until greasy feel is gone.

Consult physician if irritation occurs or if irritation is extensive.

After contact with eyes: Flush thoroughly with water for 15 minutes. Get immediate

medical help.

After ingestion: If person is conscious, give water or milk to dilute stomach

contents.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Consult physician.

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Do not induce vomiting.

Advice to doctor / Treatment: A component of this material causes severe acute toxicity in experimental animals by the oral or dermal route of exposure. Exposed individuals should be cafefully observed and treated

according to symptoms.

Section 05 - Fire fighting measures

Flash point: > 200 °F

Method: closed cup

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Carbon dioxide, water, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical.

Special fire fighting procedure: Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective

clothing. Use water spray to cool drums in fire area.

Special hazards from the

substance itself, its combustion products or Thermal decomposition may generate carbon dioxide, carbon

monoxide, and oxides of nitrogen.

from its vapours:

If heated to dryness, TMAH may decompose to trimethylamine and methanol. TMAH reportedly decomposes in boiling water,

rate unknown.

Unusual fire and

explosion hazards:

Solvent vapors., Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Section 06 - Accidental release measures

Steps to be taken in case

of spill or leak:

Wearing appropriate personal protective equipment, contain spill, collect onto inert absorbent, and place in a suitable

container. Rinse residual with water.

Section 07 - Handling and Storage

Advice on safe handling:

Avoid breathing vapors and contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

Use only with adequate ventilation and proper protective eyewear, gloves, and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep container closed.

Further information for storage conditions:

Store at appropriate temperature. See label for details.

Store in original container.

Transport and store under dry conditions tightly closed.

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Section 08 - Exposure Control / personal protection

Occupational exposure limits:

Components	CAS number	Regulatory list	Type of value	Value 1	Value 2
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	ZUS_AIHAS	Time Weighted Average (TWA)	10 ppm	
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6	ZUS_AIHAS	Time Weighted Average (TWA)		10 mg/m3

Respiratory protection: Chemical cartridge respirator recommended for exposures

exceeding TLV.

Eye protection: Safety eyewear to protect against splashes.

Body protection: Clothing suitable to prevent skin contact.

Additional advice on Where mist is present, provide local exhaust ventilation or a

system design: respirator certified for mist by NIOSH.

Section 09 - Physical and chemical properties

Form: liquid, clear

Color: yellow to brownish yellow

Odor: Characteristic odor.

Solubility in water: soluble

Density: 1.035 g/cm3

Evaporation number: < n-butyl acetate

Vapor pressure: 0.2 Torr

Method: calculated

Relative vapor density: > 1

Loss on drying: 98 %

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Section 10 - Stability and reactivity

Hazardous reactions: Stable.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

> Conditions to avoid: Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Avoid contact with strong

Section 11 - Toxiclogical information

Acute dermal toxicity: D.O.T. four hour rabbit skin test of the highestcommercial

concentration of this product was negative for skin corrosion.

Skin irritation: Testing in rabbits of a more concentrated form of this product

showed it was a mild skin irritant.

Eye irritation: moderate eye irritant.

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4)

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 rat

3,900 mg/kg

1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 rat

30,000 mg/kg

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 rat

50 mg/kg as chloride salt

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4)

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 rat

> 370 ppm

Exposure time: 6 h

1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 rat

> saturation

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Acute inhalation toxicity No data.

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4)

LD50 rabbit Acute dermal toxicity:

8,000 mg/kg

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1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 rat

> 10,000 mg/kg

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 Guinea pig

> 25 mg/kg not determined

Section 12 - Ecological information

Biodegradability: The single components are biological degradable.

Fish toxicity: A more concentrated form of this product was non-toxic to

fathead minnow at up to 1.017 grams per liter.

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Biodegradability: Readily biodegradable.

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4)

Fish toxicity: LC50

4,000 mg/l

1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50

50,000 mg/l

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50

35.1 mg/l

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4)

Toxicity of aquatic EC50

> invertebrates: > 1,000 mg/l

1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Toxicity of aquatic EC50

> invertebrates: > 4,850 mg/l

Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Toxicity of aquatic EC50 invertebrates:

0.21 mg/l

1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4)

Algae toxicity: IC50

> 500 mg/l

1,2-Propanediol (57-55-6)

Algae toxicity: No data available.

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Tetramethylammonium hydroxide (75-59-2)

Algae toxicity: No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal considerations

Product: Dispose of or incinerate in accordance with regulations.

Product would be considered a hazardous waste under RCRA

due to high pH unless neutralized prior to disposal.

See special precautions.

RCRA number: D002 **RCRA** hazardous waste:

Section 14 - Transport information

Land transport

DOT:

Not restricted

Sea transport

IMDG:

3267 UN-No:

Proper technical name: Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, n.o.s.

(Tetramethylammonium hydroxide)

Class: 8 Packaging group: Ш

Marine pollutant:

EmS: F-A, S-B

MFAG:

Labels: 8

Air transport

ICAO/IATA-DGR:

Section 15 - Regulatory information

TSCA Status: All components of this product are listed on the TSCA

Inventory., This material contains N-methylpyrrolidone (NMP, 872-50-4, Section 4 test rule) which requires export notification

under TSCA Section 12(b).

SARA (section 311/312): Reactive hazard: no

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> Pressure hazard: no Fire hazard: no Immediate/acute: ves Delayed/chronic: yes

SARA 313 information:

This product contains the chemical or chemicals listed below which are subject to the supplier notification requirements of

Section 313 of the Superfund Amendments and

Reauthorization Act of 1986 ("SARA") and the requirements of

40 CFR Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-no. (Trade secret no.)	Concentration [%]
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	70.00 - 80.00

Volatile organic Content VOC (g/l): 1,000 g/l

Method: calculated compounds:

Section 16 - Other information

Further information

The tetramethylammonium ion (TMA), as TMAH, in this developer is toxic at low levels to the water flea ceriodaphnia dubia (CD) used in the whole effluent toxicity (WET) biomonitoring test. Data from the supplier suggests that continuous input of 60-100 ppm TMA to a small POTW should not cause WET toxicity. It is expected that discharges to a sizable POTW will not affect the ability to pass the WET tests. However, discharges to a small POTW or direct discharges to surface waters should be carefully reviewed. Contact AZ Electronic Materials Product Safety for additional information (908-429-3593 or 908-429-3562).

US State regulatory information

California Proposition 65: This product contains chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause developmental toxicity or reproductive toxicity., Contains N-methylpyrrolidone (CAS # 872-50-4).

Label information

DANGER!

Alkaline solution. Contains ingredients that are highly toxic or that can cause skin and eye irritation, corneal damage, caustic burns, gastric upset, central nervous system depression, development effects, bone marrow effects, and lymph tissue effects.

Keep away from heat and flame. Avoid breathing vapor, Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation, and proper protective eyewear, gloves, and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed.

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> In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Flush affected skin areas with water, and wash with mild soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. If INHALED, remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If ingested, give water or milk to dilute stomach contents. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately for ingestion or breathing problems or if skin contact is extensive.

In case of fire, use water, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical, or CO2. If spilled, wear protective clothing, remove ignition sources, prevent sparks, and ventilate area. Absorb with inert material, collect, and place in a chemical waste container. Rinse residue with water.

Keep sealed in original container. Avoid freezing and direct sunlight. Product should be stored > 32 F (0 C). Empty container may contain harmful residue.

The solvent in this product is not photochemically reactive per Rule 102 of the California South Coast Air Quality Management District.

This information is supplied under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is offered in good faith based on data available to us that we believe to be true and accurate. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable to the material. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate for that use. No warranty, express or implied, is made regarding the accuracy of this data, the hazards connected with the use of the material, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. We assume no responsibility for damage or injury from the use of the product described herein. Data provided here are typical and not intended for use as product specifications. (R) and TM indicate trademarks of AZ Electronic Materials USA Corp., its business partners and suppliers.