

# Nanoparticle Development For siRNA Delivery To Treat Osteoarthritis (OA)

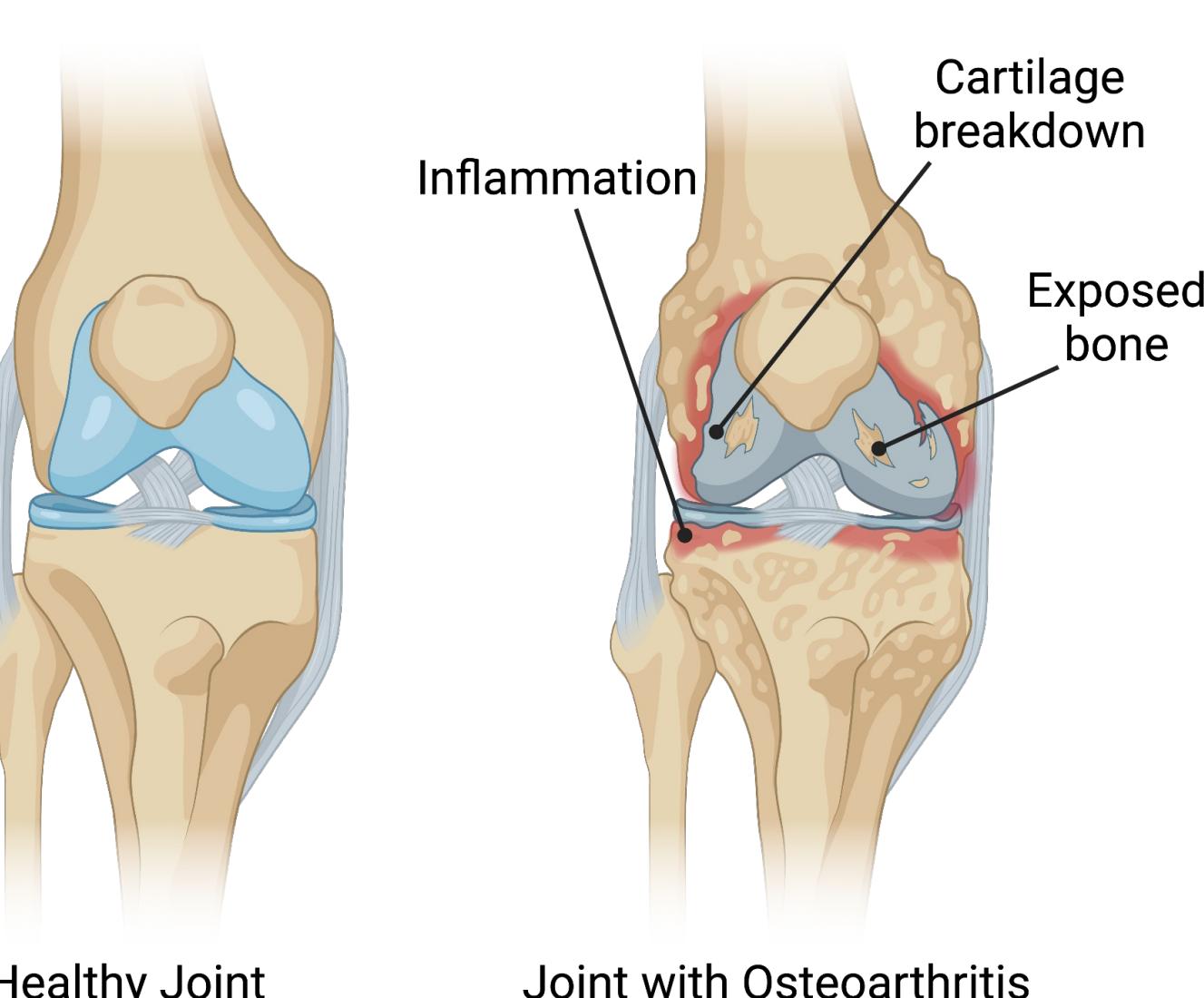
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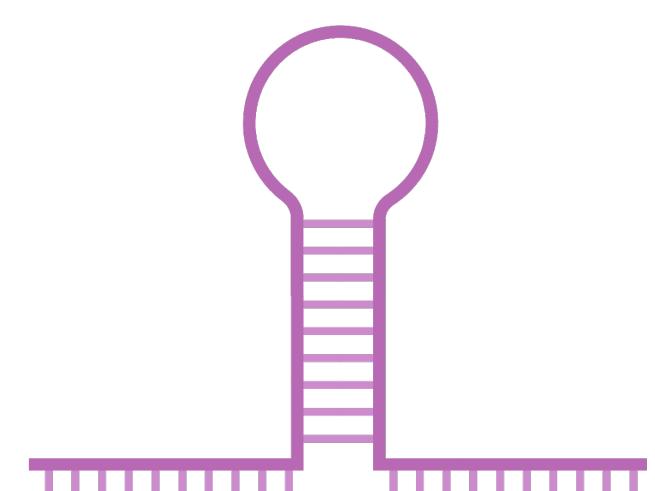
## Background

- Osteoarthritis (OA) is a degenerative joint disease that affects over 32 million U.S. adults
- OA causes painful cartilage breakdown in joints and currently has no cure
- The gene MMP13 plays a key role in cartilage degradation



- Small interfering RNA (siRNA) against MMP13 silences the gene by cleavage of mRNA, reducing cartilage breakdown and inhibiting disease progression

- siRNA delivery is limited *in vivo* due to endosomal escape issues and kidney clearance
- Encapsulating siRNA in polymeric nanoparticles (si-NPs) can help overcome delivery challenges



## Objective

To develop a polymeric nanoparticle formulation to optimize siRNA delivery

## Nanoparticle Composition

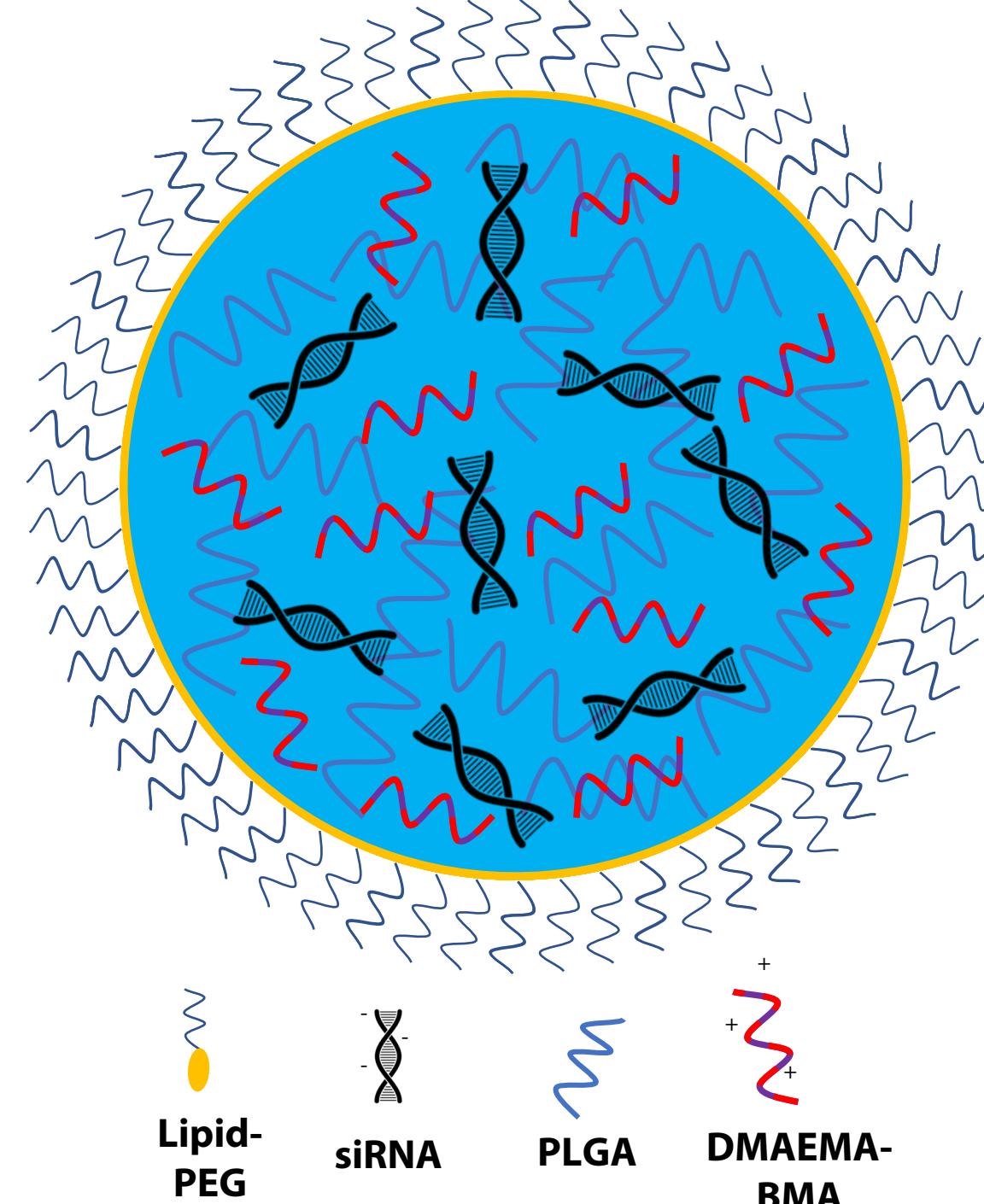
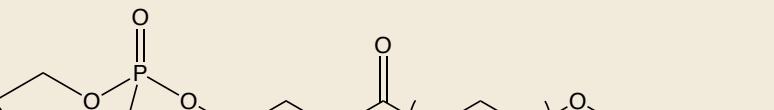
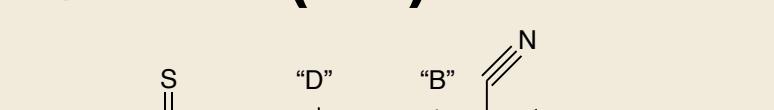
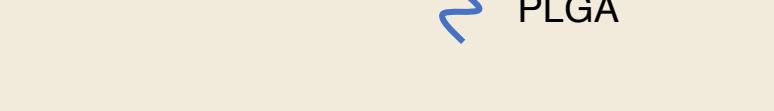
### si-NP Components:

(1) Poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid (PLGA) for stability

(2) 50:50 DP 100 DMAEMA-co-BMA (DB) for endosome escape

(3) Surfactant- DSPE-PEG (Lipid-PEG) for biocompatibility

(4) siRNA for gene silencing



siRNA Used to Test for Gene Silencing:

Luciferase (Luc)- fluorescent firefly gene

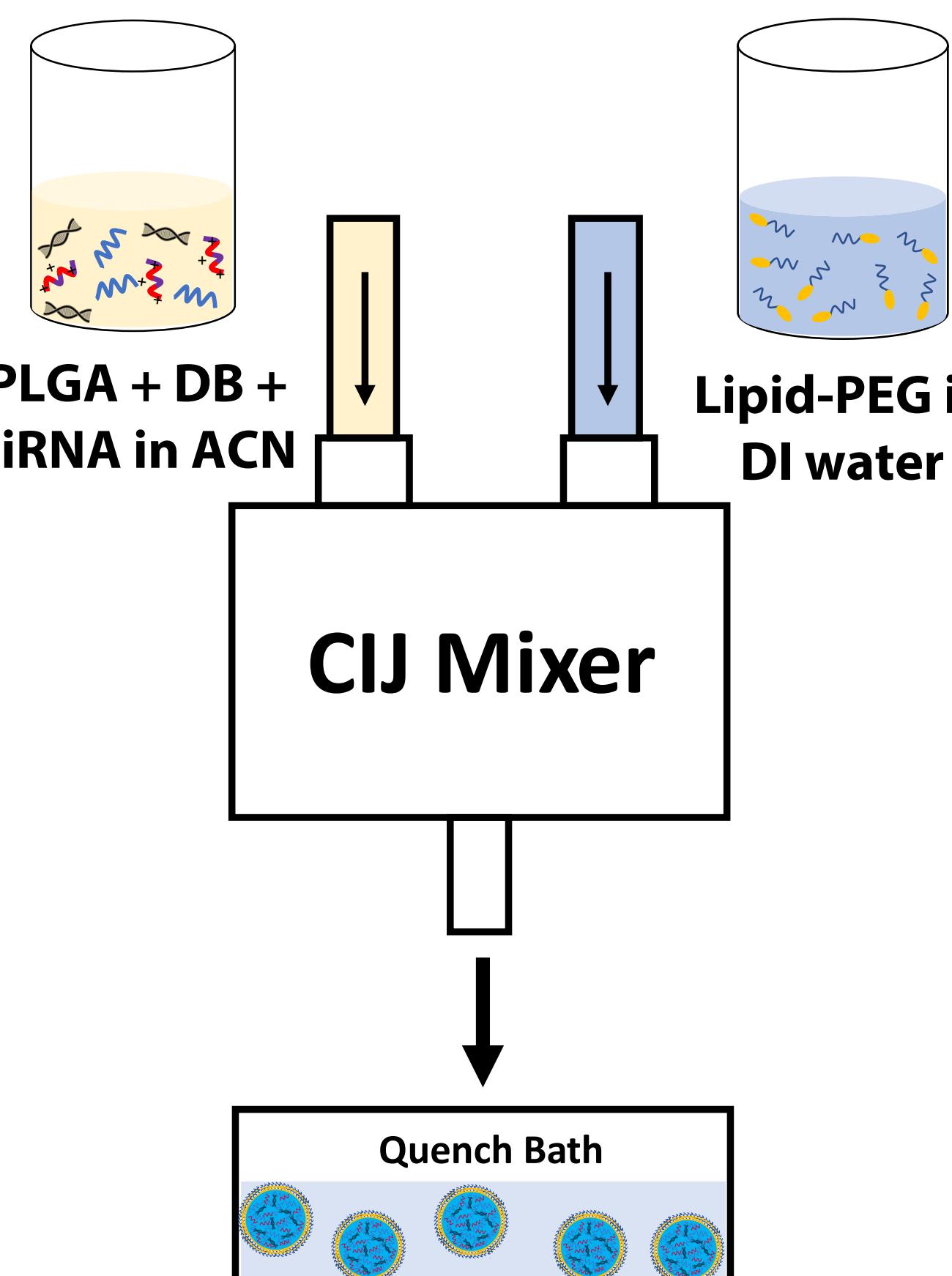
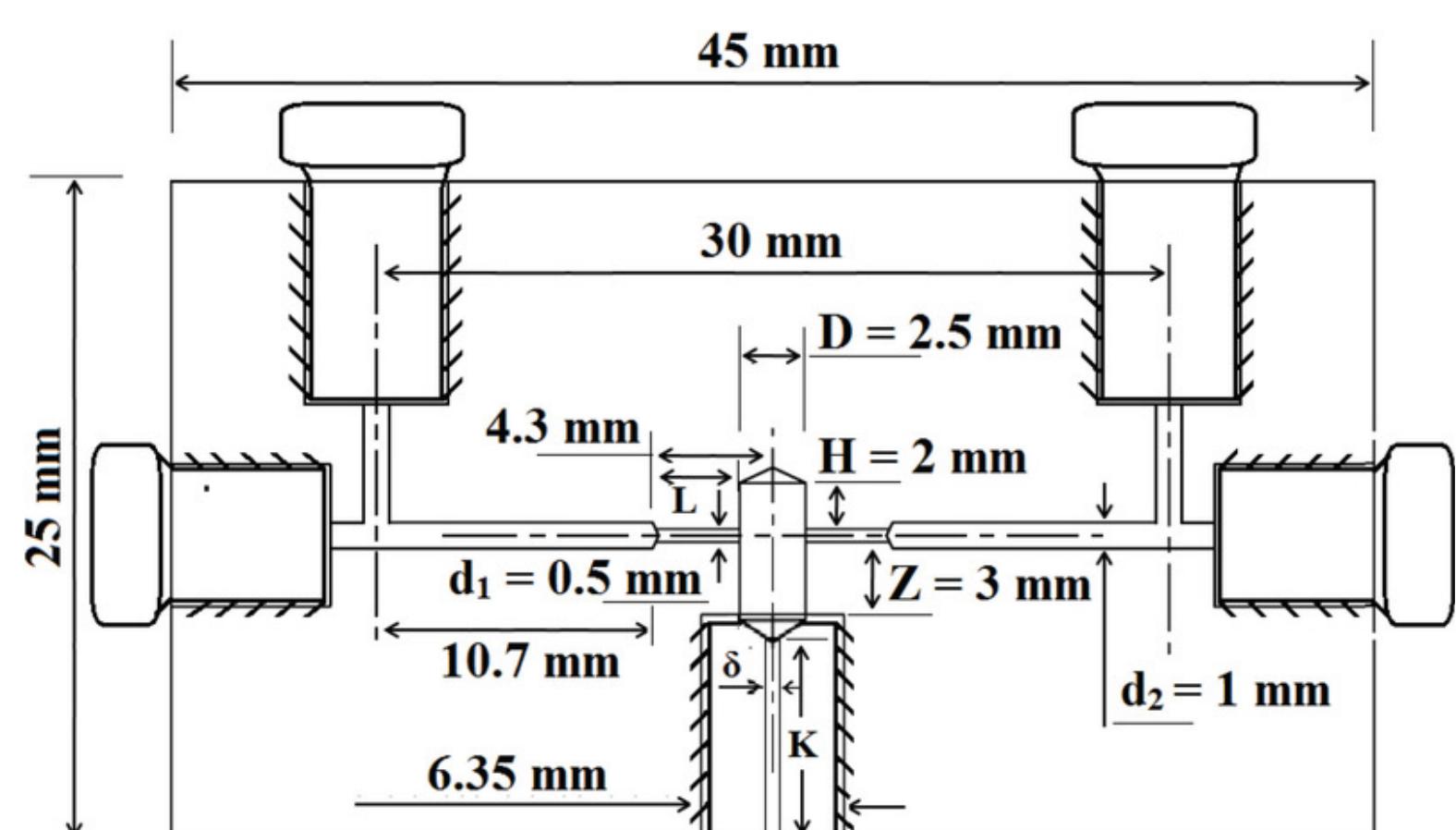
Scrambled (Scr)- control

## Nanoparticle Preparation

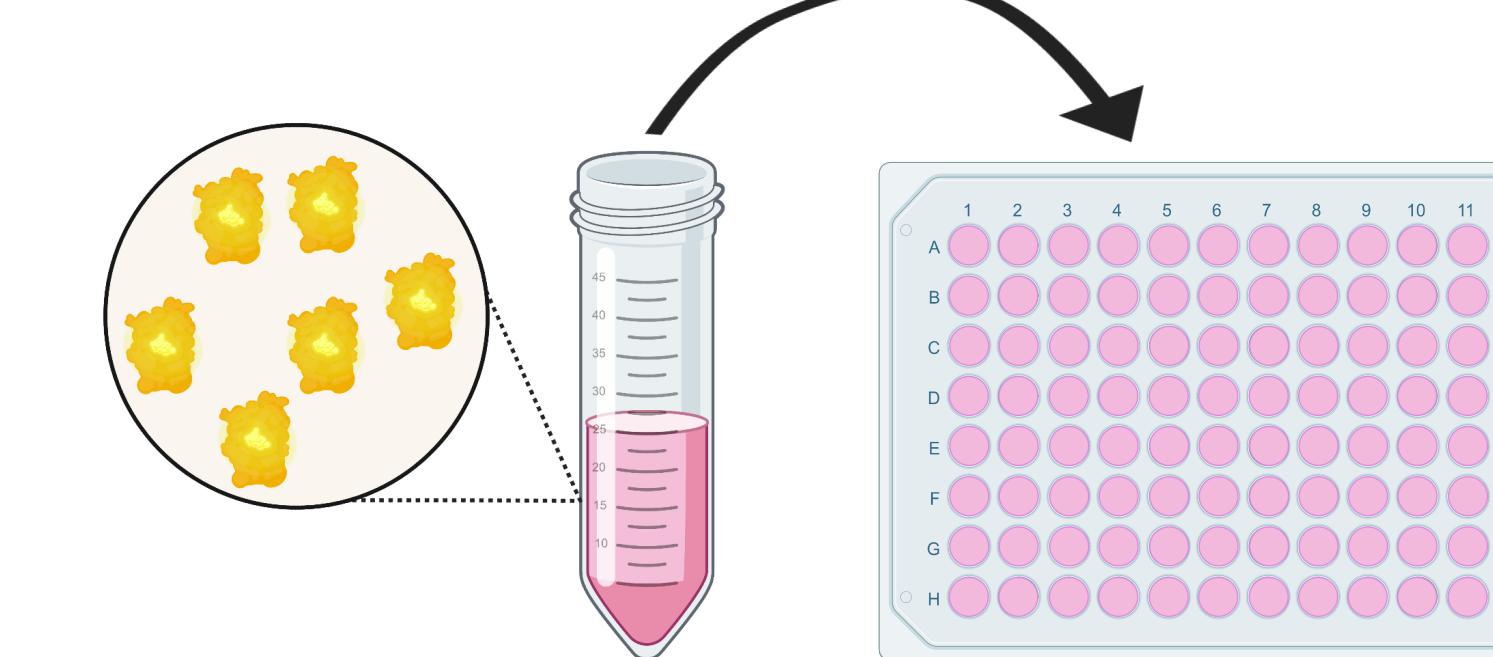
### Formulation Optimization Parameters:

- PLGA + DB concentration 1-6 mg/mL
- Percent DB 25, 50, and 75%
- Amines to Phosphates (N:P) Ratio 5 and 10

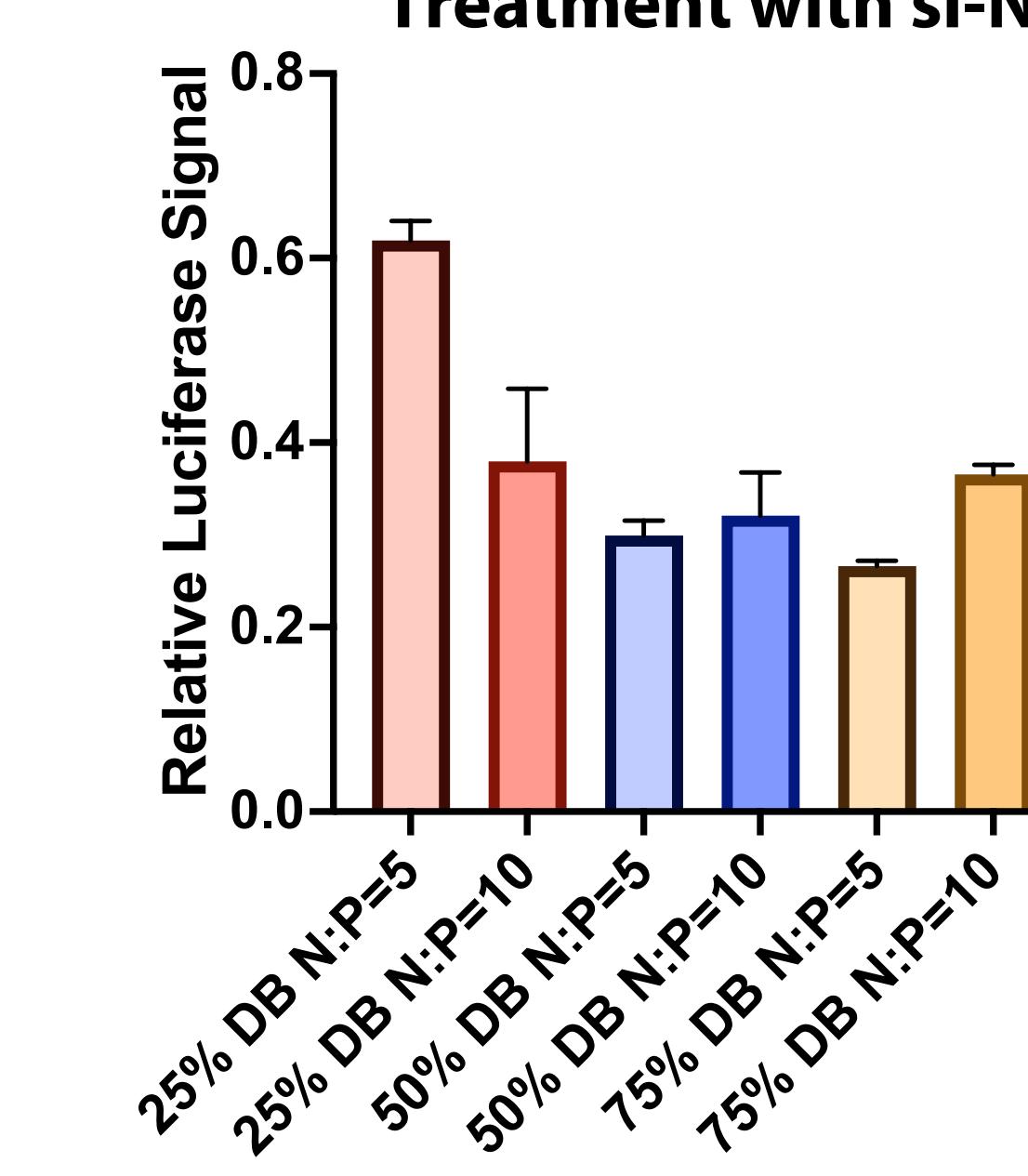
### CIJ Mixer Internal Design:



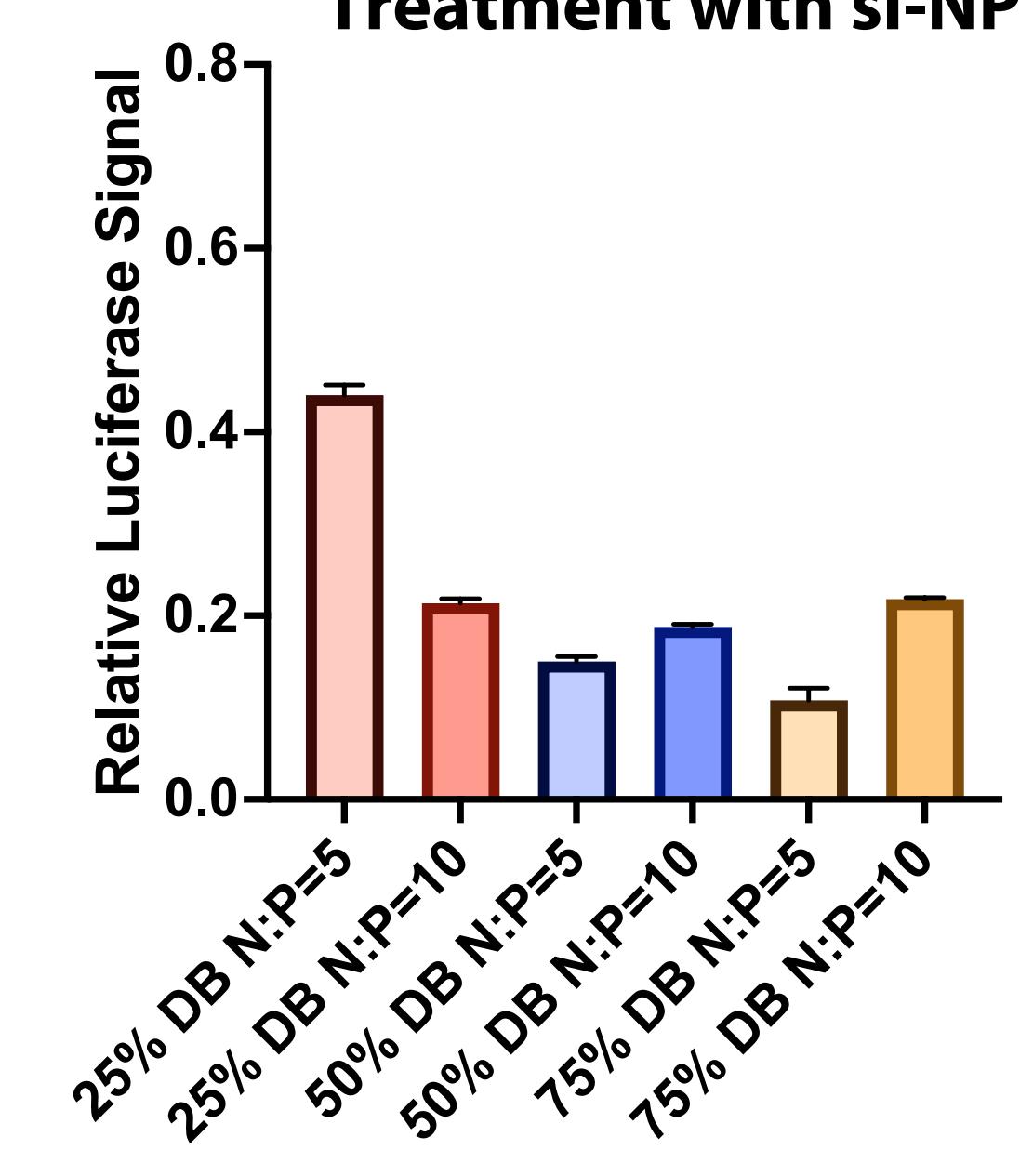
## Results- In Vitro Luciferase Knockdown/Cell Viability



Luc Signal 24 Hours Post-Treatment with si-NPs

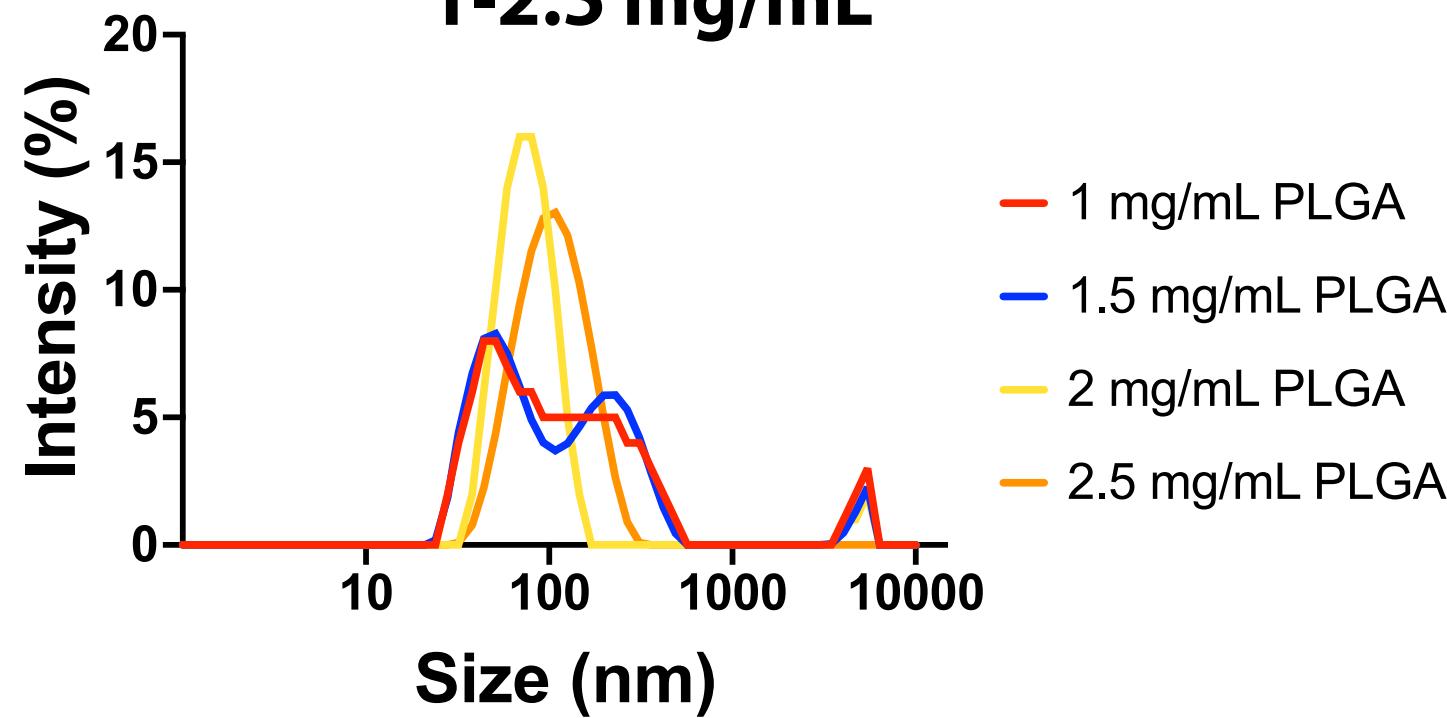


Luc Signal 48 Hours Post-Treatment with si-NPs

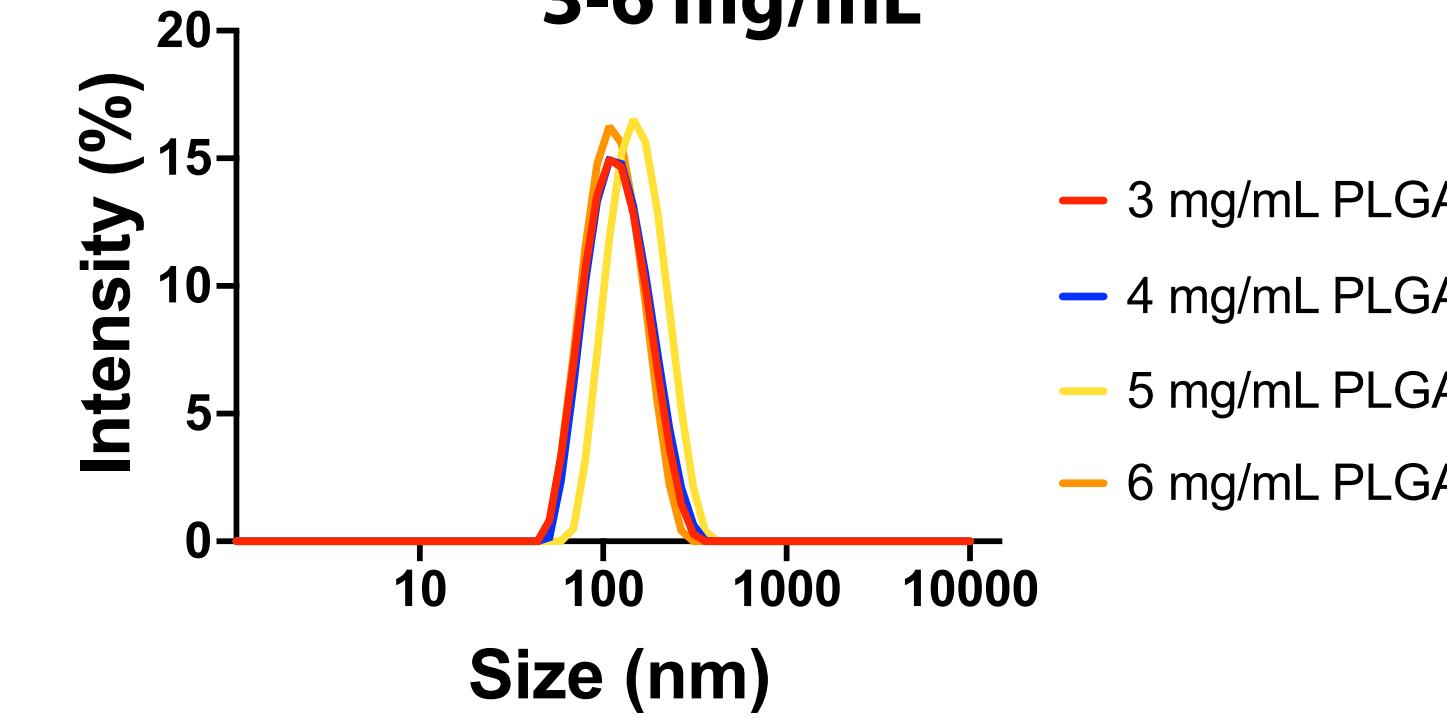


## Results- Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS)

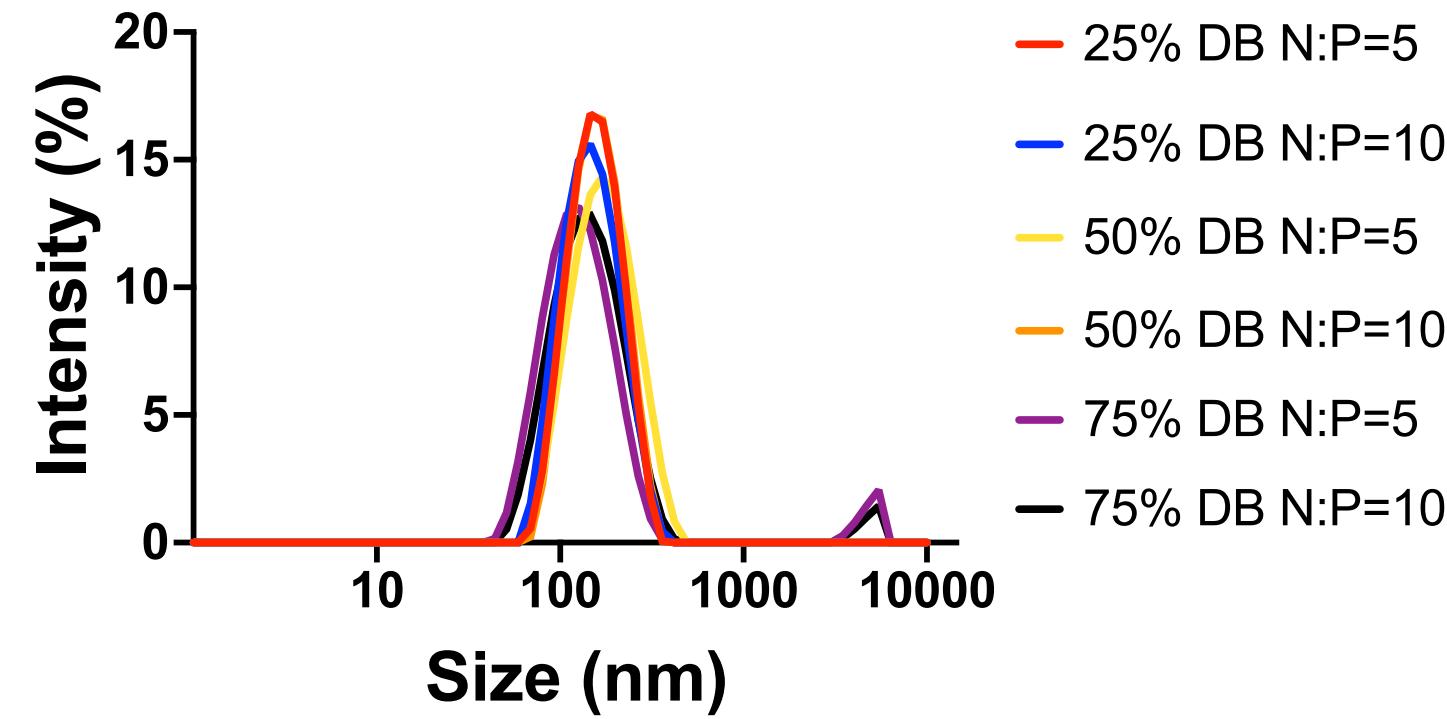
### NP Size Distribution: PLGA 1-2.5 mg/mL



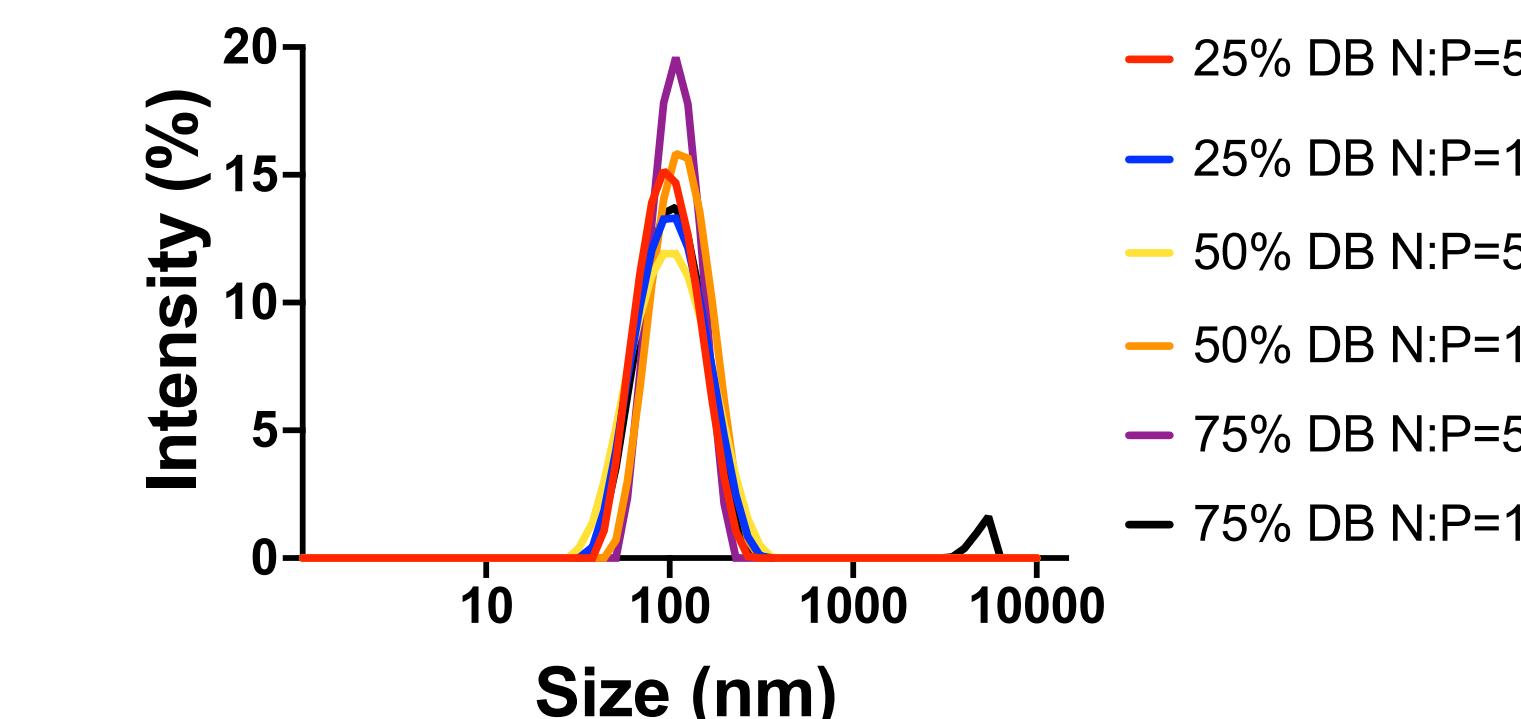
### NP Size Distribution: PLGA 3-6 mg/mL



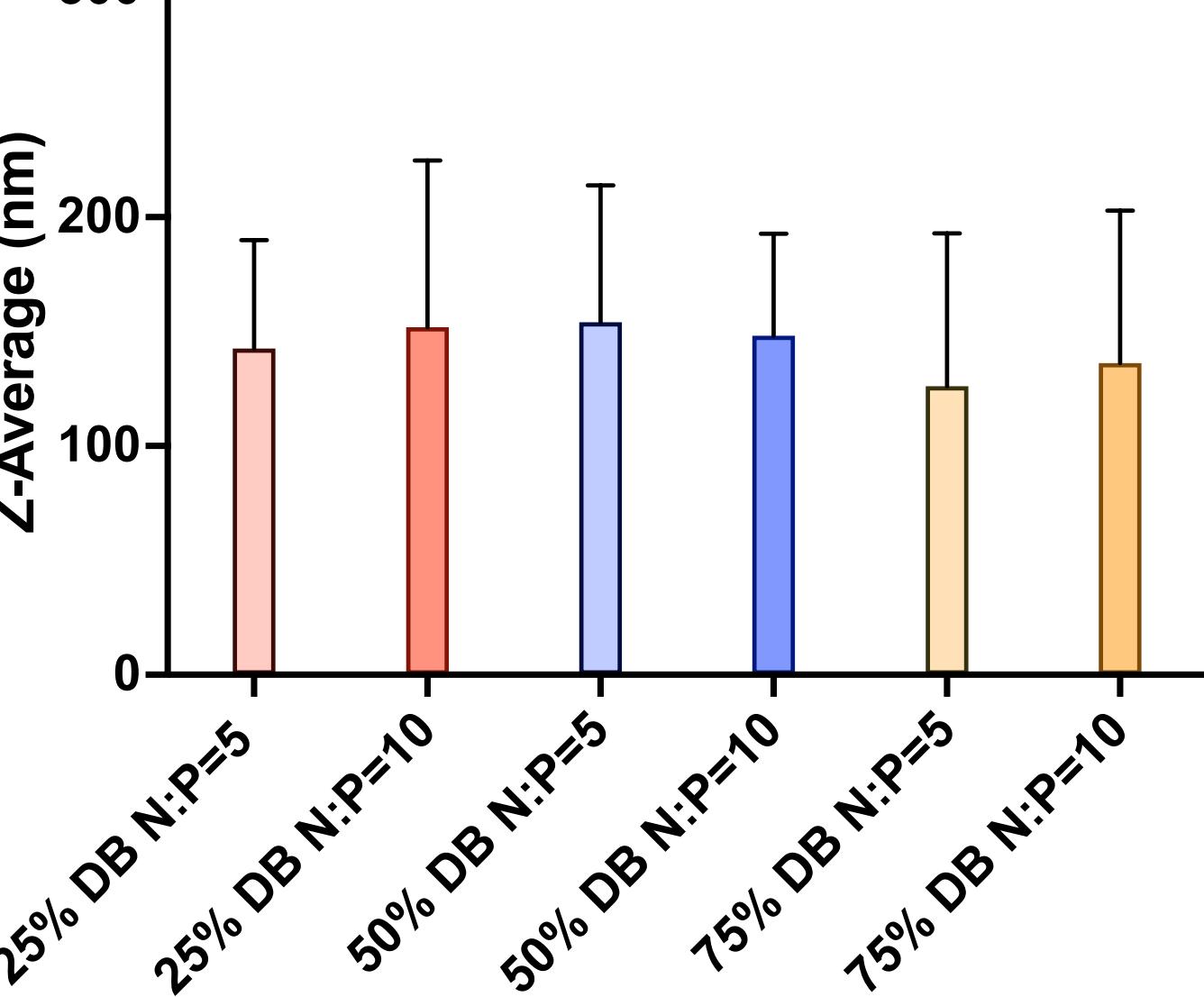
### Luciferase siRNA-Loaded NP Size Distribution



### Scrambled siRNA-Loaded NP Size Distribution



### Z-Average of Luciferase siRNA-Loaded NPs



si-NPs with **3 mg/mL** DB and PLGA in the solvent stream and a core concentration of **25-50% DB** were the most uniform.

## Future Work

### Main Challenge During Formulation

- Aggregation of si-NPs

- Test more si-NP formulations
- Vary si-NP dose *in vitro*
- Quantify siRNA loading
- Test novel DMA surfactants

## Acknowledgements

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- Special thanks to VINSE and members of the Duvall Advanced Therapeutics Laboratory for their support and guidance.
- Figures created with BioRender.com



## References

- Alnylam, 2023.
- Gulati et al., 2022.
- Han et al. National Library of Medicine, 2012